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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT

Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes

WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS, VISITING CARDS, HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, PROGRAMMES, BALL CARDS, BILLHEADS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS, BILLS OF FARE, STATEMENTS, WINE CARDS, PAMPHLETS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.,

In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

The month of May in England, in 1889, will probably take rank as the wettest on record.

The Utah Supreme Court has decided that Sandwich Islanders cannot become American citizens.

Japan proposes to expend 50,000,000 yen ($44,350,000) on her navy during the next five years.

Since 1872 France and Germany have been making inroads into England's Spanish-American trade.

R. H. Vickers, a Vicksburg (Miss.) lawyer, has written a pamphlet to prove that large coins breed high prices, and that pennies make low prices.

The New Orleans *Times-Democrat* says that there is a great deal of unoccupied land in the United States, and immigrants of a good class are welcome.

The New York *Herald* wants the violet adopted as our national flower, because it stands for modesty and is, therefore, a true representative of America.

There appears every reason to believe that the present year will prove the most flourishing ever known in the commercial history of the United Kingdom.

There is certainly something perpetual about the perpetual motion delusion. The Washington Patent Office, in the course of the last year has been favored with not less than twenty-eight new projects for the construction of the illusive contrivance.

Robert P. Porter, chief of the census bureau assures the public that the returns of population will be made out before Christmas of next year, or within six months from the time the count is begun. If this is done the Fifty-first Congress can make the figures the basis of representation in Congress for ten years, beginning in 1892.

Chicago will probably have one of the finest libraries in the world in the course of a few years. Mr. W. L. Newberry, one of the earliest residents, left the sum of $250,000 for the purpose, and a temporary building has been used for some time. It is now intended to erect a magnificent edifice, capable of holding 300,000 volumes.

The state railroads of Prussia make special concessions to invalids of the lower classes who are obliged to travel for the sake of their health. The blind, deaf, insane or diseased of any kind are transported with their attendants for the exceedingly low rate of one-sixth of a cent a mile. Poor children sent to the country on summer vacations and the officers of all benevolent institutions of whatever nature are also given the same privilege.

A Kentucky swain has just been wedded after a courtship that lasted fifty years. Just think of it! exclaims the New York *Mercury*. Half a century of moonlight walks, seaside strolls, picnic junketing, fireside hugging, tender tones, Summer drives, Winter sleighrides, and whispers of devotion. That Kentuckian was certainly a philosopher, and deserved the prolonged bliss which all the world must envy.

The *Churchman*, speaking of the death of Damien, the leper priest of the Sandwich Islands, says that outside of the walls of Jerusalem is a leper hospital tended by deaconesses from the German religious houses. "Year after year these heroic women, without pretentiousness, without any trumpeting of their work, almost unknown to the world, have waited upon lepers, while themselves literally dying by inches. Their courage has only come to light by the chance notice of travelers."

A work of engineering begun by the Romans under Nero, in the second century, will be finished this year; that is, it has been in process of construction for over 1700 years. The work to which we refer is the cutting of a canal through the Isthmus of Corinth. The canal, when done, will be only four miles long, and will have a depth of eight meters, which will allow the passage of the largest vessels used in Greek traffic. It is not so great a matter from an international view as the Suez and Nicaragua projects, but it will do much to further the rapid progress made by modern Greece in the arts of civilization and commerce.

The objection of electricians to the new method of execution by electricity is said to be purely one of sentiment. They do not wish to see the science degraded. As well, they say, put a man to death by music or poetry as by electricity. "All of which is true," admits the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, "but these practical poets, the electricians, must remember that the protests of the civilized world itself has not been able to blot out that instrument of torture, the hand organ. Doubtless the spinners of hemp were once much scandalized by the ignoble use to which their handiwork was put, but rope-making seems to have survived the ordeal."

Does Anyone Know?

Does anyone know what's in your heart and mine,
The sorrow and song,
The demon of sin and the angel divine—
The right and the wrong,
The dread of the darkness, the love of the day,
The ebb and the flow
Of hope and doubt forever and aye,
Does anyone know?

Does anyone dream of the love that is yours,
The heart that is mine;
The depth and the width of the cup that each pours
Of rich red wine;
Of hate that is dark as the midnight of grief
The anguish and woe,
The dark clouds of halting and blind unbelief,
Does anyone know?

Does anyone see what we have in the heart
To love and to hate;
Of life's every motive an intricate part
Of chance and of fate;
The mem'ry of kisses of starlight, of songs,
Of roses and snow,
Of women's sweet eyes, of prayers and wrongs,
Does anyone know?

Does anyone hearken to music of bells,
And the sigh of the sea,
And the whisper of woodlands that murmurs and swells
For you and for me;
The sound of fond voices that ever respond,
In tones soft and low,
To the prayer we are breathing into the beyond,
Does anyone know?

UNDER A CLOUD.

"Dear me!" said Mrs. Pell, "what is the matter with Carry? Ain't sick, is she?"

Mrs. Pell had come up to her lodger's room to borrow a dust-pan. Life among the poor—tenement-house life, at least—is all give and take; and Mrs. Pell borrowed dust-pans and egg-beaters, just as Mrs. De Rifter of Upper Fifth avenue would borrow a piece of music, or Miss Waldegrave the last new novel.

The Beltons had only lately come to the house. They were very poor, yet Mrs. Pell somehow respected an intangible essence of ladyhood that hovered about them. They had no carpet on their flood, yet it was always clean; the curtains were made of "cheese-cloth" at four cents a yard; the bed on which mothers and daughters slept assumed the similitude of a stained pier-wardrobe by day. The cooking was done on a kerosene stove in the corner; and Mrs. Pell had discovered that Mrs. Belton did floss-silk embroidery on flannel for infants' wardrobes, while Carry was one of the attendants in Muller & Co.'s great dry-goods store on Broadway.

"I knowed they was genteel," said Mrs. Pell, "the minute I set eyes on 'em. Mrs. Belton's dress is shabby; and Mrs. Hourie, the grocer's wife on the first-floor, wears a brand-new silk, but Mrs. Belton wears hers somehow different; and Carry's bonnet is plain black straw, with loops o' green ribbon, but it's a great deal more ladyfied than Susan Jane Hawley's pink crape, with the red feathers and the Rhine-stone daggers stuck in it."

But to-day Carry was crying, and Mrs. Belton, with her floss-silk embroidery pushed to one side, was trying to comfort her as best she could.

"No," said Mrs. Belton, "she isn't sick, but—"

"I am discharged!" said Carry, suddenly straightening herself up. "I've lost my place. One of the customers brought a point-lace handkerchief to the store to match it in flounces, and she couldn't find it afterward, and—"

"I know," said Mrs. Pell. "I had a niece once in one o' them big stores, and you can't teach me much about 'em. The gals is sacrificed right straight along to the customers' whims. It was laid to you, of course."

"And I may consider myself lucky, so they tell me," cried out indignant Carry, "that I am not arrested and thrown into prison! Only 'previous good conduct' has saved me! But I don't consider myself lucky! I consider that I have been insulted and aggrieved. I—"

"Carry, Carry!" gently soothed the mother.

And Carry's passionate words died away in a flood of tears.

"But what are we to do?" she wailed. "How are we to live? No one will take me in, after this. It would be useless for me to try to get a situation."

"God will provide, Carry," whispered Mrs. Belton.

At that moment there came a sharp tap at the door.

"Is the young woman ready for the place out in Orange County?" asked a gruff voice. "Mr. Jessup's wagon is at the door. That's me. And he's a-waitin'."

"La, me!" said Mrs. Pell, starting up. "I clean forgot all about it. Name of Jessup? Louisa Olcott, she's dreadful sorry, but her uncle ain't willin', on sober second thoughts, to let her go out of the city. They've gone to Coney Island today, and—"

"Ain't that the young woman?" said Mr. Jessup, nodding his head toward Carry Belton as he stood in the doorway.

"Certainly not," said Mrs. Pell, bristling up. "This is a floor above the Olcott rooms."

"No offense, no offense!" said Mr. Jessup. "But what be I goin' to do? My wife she calculated on my bringin' home a hired help, and I dunno nothin' about your intelligence offices. And the train goes at eleven."

"What sort of a place is it?" asked Carry, suddenly turning around.

"Gineral house work," said the old farmer, leaning against the side of the door. "A little of everything. Sort o' handy woman about the place. Jest exactly the sort o' work our darter would have done if she'd lived to grow up. Ten dollars a week and a good home. I dunno what you thing of it, but it seems to me a pretty fair offer."

"Mother," said Carry, breathlessly, "I have a great mind to go, if—if Mr. Jessup will take me."

"And glad of the chance," said the old farmer, cheerfully.

"I don't know much about housework," went on Carry.

"My woman'll teach you," said the farmer. "She'd be doin' it herself if it wasn't for the rheumatism in her back. And you look like one who would be quick and handy to learn."

"And I know all about her," said Mrs. Pell, "and I tell you, Mr. Jessup, she's a good, trustworthy girl as ever lived."

"I could jedge as much as that by her looks," said Mr. Jessup, shrewdly.

So Carry Belton steered her little life-bark into this new current.

She had not been a week at Jessup Farm before she wrote home to her mother:

"DEAR MOTHER: I am the happiest girl in all the world. This is a lovely place—all apple orchards and meadows knee-deep in red clover and timothy grass. I help to milk the cows every night, and the lambs and chickens know me already. Mrs. Jessup is the kindest old lady you ever knew; all she is afraid of is that I shall do too much. Frank—that is her nephew who lives here, and helps Mr. Jessup with the farm—brings in all the wood and water, and is always asking what he can do to help me. I suppose I ought not to call him 'Frank,' but every one else does, and it seems so perfectly natural. All that troubles me, mother, is being separated from you, and I have such a delightful plan. It was Frank that first thought of it, and Mr. and Mrs. Jessup do not object. There is one wing of the old farm-house that is only used for a store-place—two delightful rooms, with a great fire-place big enough for a whole colony, and windows looking out on the river. They are a little out of repair, to be sure, but I can easily whitewash and repaper them, with Frank's help, and you are to come and live there. And all the rent kind Mrs. Jessup will accept is a little dressmaking now and then, such as you are handy with, for her poor old finger-joints are all stiffened with rheumatism, and she cannot hold a needle. And you can go into the city with your embroidery every week or two—the fare is not so very great—and you can breathe in the smell of the new-mown hay, and gather wild flowers and sweetbrier, and oh, mother darling, we shall be so happy!"

Mrs. Belton read the letter through tears of delight.

"It will be like heaven?" she said to herself. "My dear, thoughtful child! But I wonder who this 'Frank' is? I wonder whether she knows how often her thoughts and her pen turn to him? He must be good if he is with these kind people!"

She went out to the old farm. Carry met her at the station in a wagon, with with a handsome, sun-burned young man holding the reins.

"This is Frank Jessup, mother!" said she, with a radiant face.

The two rooms were in perfect order. A bunch of roses stood on the bureau, and summer evening though it was, a fire of logs burned within the deep, smoke-blackened chasms of the ancient chimney, casting red reflections on the newly-papered walls—"lest it should be damp," said Carry.

And the first real home feeling which they had known for years came, like the brooding wings of a dove, over the hearts of mother and daughter as they sat side by side on the door-step, under the green apple-boughs, with a great star shining in the west, and the sound of a brooklet gurgling along beneath the willows beyond.

The blackberries on the hedge were ripening; the roses had blown away; drifts of pink and the early apples were beginning to gleam like spheres of gold through the leaves—when Carry came into the wing-room, one evening, with a pale face.

"Mother," said she, "the hour has come! I must go away from here. You must go with me!"

"Carry!"

"Frank Jessup has asked me to be his wife!"

"I thought he would, Carry. I knew that he loved you," said Mrs. Belton, with innocent pride. "And no wonder!"

"I told him about the silk handkerchief, mother—the handkerchief that they accused me of stealing!" whispered the girl.

"What did he say, Carry?"

"He said he did not care—he wanted me to be his wife all the same."

"And you?"

"Mother, I told him that could never be. I never could let the cloud which has darkened my own life overshadow his."

"But, Carry, if he loves you—"

"All the more reason that I should save him this humiliation," said the girl.

And when Mrs. Belton looked at her set face, she knew that all remonstrance was in vain.

"We must go away," said Carry. "It will be like tearing the heart out of my breast; but there is only the one thing to do."

And she burst into sobs and tears on her mother's shoulder.

"Hush!" said Mrs. Belton—"hush, my darling! Some one is comitig up the walk. It is a woman, with a red shawl and a green parasol, and an ecru dress trimmed with garnet bands. Why, Carry, it is Mrs. Pell, our old landlady!"

"Yes, it's me," said the landlady of Judith Street tenement-house. "How de do? Surprised to see me, ain't ye? Well, if this 'ere ain't a pretty place! But I sort o' felt as if I had to come. Tuller's shop-walker, he was to the house yesterday. The firm sent him. They're short o' hands, and they want Carry to come back to the lace counter again. And the lace handkerchief that made all the trouble is found. The dressmaker found it down in the folds of the young lady's apron overskirt, when she ripped it apart, last week. It had slipped down into the linin', and there it lay. The young lady's dreadful sorry about it, too!"

Carry's face had grown bright.

"Found, is it?" said she. "And I am exonerated from all blame? Mother, give Mrs. Pell a cup of tea. Don't you see how tired she looks? And I will go back to where Frank is waiting for me. I—I think this will be good news for him!"

Mrs. Pell stayed all night and went back to the city with a monster bunch of pinks and roses next day.

But Miss Belton did not go back to the lace counter at Muller & Co.'s.

Mrs. Pell drily informed the shop-walker that she believed the young lady had accepted another engagement.

Happy Carry! The cloud had rolled away from her life. The sunshine lay before her now.—*Saturday Night.*

The Envelope Industry.

The envelope is a comparatively modern invention. When postage was calculated on the number of pages in a letter, such a covering as an envelope could not be used, and it is only within the last half century that practical success has been achieved in this important industry. Now the sales of envelopes in the United States realize at least $25,000 a day at wholesale prices. Over 300 patents have been granted for envelopes and machinery for manufacturing them, and the latest idea is to fix the mucilage on the envelope itself instead of on the flap, so that the person licking the latter can escape an overdose of gum arabic, or some one of the numerous sticky substitutes which the scarcity and increasing price of that useful, if sticky article, have called into being. So far, this new idea has not realized a fortune for the designer. The Government combination letter sheet and envelope—a great convenience to drummers and other travelers—is really not an advance at all, but merely an imitation of the most primitive efforts. The price at which the Postal Department supplies stamped envelopes is so low that in order to compete with it the different manufacturers cut prices until a regular war was declared. Finally they got tired of fighting and selling at a loss, and after buying up the most indispensable of the patents they formed a trust and ran prices up a little. But the advance was so reasonable that there has been comparatively little kicking, and the very fact of the trust's existence has been well nigh lost sight of.—*Globe-Democrat.*

The Sugar Tree of India.

Every part of the tree, in fact, is of use, the timber being hard and strong, close and even-grained, is used for the wheels of carriages, railway sleepers, etc. The flowers when dried have somewhat the odor and appearance of sultana raisins. They are produced in enormous quantities in March and April after the old leaves have fallen, and before the new leaves have appeared the crop rarely fails. The fleshy flowers fall off and cover the ground beneath the trees, and are gathered eagerly by the natives every morning during the flowering season. A single tree yields from 200 to 400 pounds' weight of flowers. They are very rich in sugar, and yield when fermented a large quantity of spirit, as much as six and one-sixteenth gallons of proof spirit per hundredweight having been obtained from them. The spirit is manufactured to a great extent in India, and it is said that the Government receives quite a large amount for duty on the spirits distilled. The flowers have from time to time been placed before important distillers in England, but owing to a peculiar flavor being developed—caused, it is thought, by the persistent stamens, which it is difficult to remove from the flowers—the spirit distilled has never been brought into consumption in the British market.—*Chambers' Journal.*

A Healthful Fruit.

A lazy dyspeptic was bewailing his own misfortunes, and speaking with a friend on the latter's healthy appearance.

"What do you do to make you so strong and healthy?" inquired the dyspeptic.

"Live on fruit alone," answered his friend.

"What kind of fruit?"

"The fruit of industry; and I am never troubled with indigestion."

CLARA BARTON.

Founder of the American Red Cross Association.

Her Noble Ministrations to the Sick, Wounded and Afflicted.

"Relief in war, famine, pestilence and other national calamities." Such, says the New York *Press*, is the motto of the American Red Cross Association, whose president is Miss Clara Barton, who hastened to Johnstown among the first to afford personal relief to the afflicted valley of the Conemaugh.

The story of Clara Barton and the Red Cross is familiar in outline to all. It was she who, on the morning after the capitulation of Strasburg, in the Franco-Prussian war, entered the conquered city and—her sole password the scarlet cross on her sleeve—began that noble ministration to the sick, the wounded and the afflicted which has made her name famous.

From Strasburg Clara Barton hastened to Paris to continue her ministrations amid the horrors of the Commune.

Clara Barton next appeared upon the scene in the midst of the Mississippi floods of 1884. The terrors of that time are readily recalled, when thousands upon thousands of once thriving inhabitants were left without homes, food or money, and there was no means for them to purchase even the seed for the spring sowing. Then it was that the founder of Red Cross appeared upon a steamer loaded with food and sustenance and money for the seed time.

The ministrations of Clara Barton in our own great war are well known. Her philanthropic spirit ultimately found vent in the Order of the Red Cross. The organization is an association of relief societies in various countries. Its prime aim is ministration to wounded soldiers.

The idea of the order is said to have been conceived by Henri Durant, a Swiss gentleman, who at Solferino was impressed with the swift and sudden suffering borne in upon the wounded soldiers and with the need of more rapid and effective relief. M. Durant presented his thought to the Society of Public Utility, which corresponds to the Society of Social Science in this country, and on October 26, 1864, a convention was held at Geneva, composed of delegates from various countries—our own Minister to Switzerland, Mr. Fogg, taking an active part—and resolutions were adopted providing that the ambulance and military hospitals in battle should be held as neutral, and relief service likewise, even after the field had been carried and occupied.

Twelve nations at once agreed to the adoption of this international measure, and all civilized nations now recognize it.

Miss Barton is a native of Maine. In early life she was a teacher, and she founded several free schools in New Jersey. In 1857 she became a clerk in the government service at Washington. Resigning at the outbreak of the war, she entered the hospital service, and her tender ministrations are still told of by those who suffered on the field of battle and were prisoners at Libby prison, Andersonville and elsewhere.

Jay Gould's Bodyguard.

Just as a shade begins to drop over the west side of Fifth avenue, New York City, a very small, dark-whiskered man can sometimes be seen pushing along up town, his glittering eyes fixed straight ahead, a general air of perfunctoriness in his movements as if he was walking simply to create an appetite for dinner. It is Jay Gould on his way home from business. By his side walks a big, square-shouldered individual, an unmistakable "bruiser," the protector of this physical atom, who has more enemies perhaps than any other man in the country. And hated most by men who simply know his name, which to them is the symbol of tyranny, the red rag which enrages the bull. Little, penny-brained creatures go into Wall street with nothing but a thousand dollars to warrant their doing so. They watch their money fade to nothing, and then they want to kill Jay Gould. The children of an ill-paid switchman on some Western railroad know nothing more of New York than that a fiend named Gould lives somewhere within its limits, and they believe that when a knife sinks in between his shoulders, and not till then, will the gloom be lifted from their home. Gould and his protector are undoubtedly prepared to meet any attack that may be made. The former has lived long enough to throw mock heroism to the winds—to take openly voiced sentiments as they are spoken, and he knows that if a financial crisis should arrive in this country tomorrow the natural inclination would be to set him upon an eminence and make a sieve of him. So the little hundred-pound man, when he walks abroad, has with him a bodyguard, and I doubt not a very good-sized pocket arsenal. Not one person in a hundred recognizes him as he goes along, for, in spite of the fact that he has been caricatured by the comic papers as much as any man in the country, his face and form are so insignificant that he passes by without even being noticed.—*Chicago Herald.*

Distribution of Seeds.

Mr. Darwin found that the small portions of earth attaching to the feet of migrating birds contained seed. Nine grains of earth on the leg of a woodcock contained a seed of the toad rush. From six and a half ounces of earth rolled into a ball and adhering to the leg of a wounded partridge has raised eighty-two separate plants of five species. Migrating birds often frequent the edges of ponds ere their departure, and in six and three-quarter ounces of such mud he raised, under glass 537 plants. Seeds furnished with crowns, hooks, or prickles readily stick to the plumage of birds, which all such birds, and especially such wanderers as the albatross, might carry long distances. Applying these facts to the case of the Azores, Mr. Wallace found that most of the plants of the Azorean floro are well adapted to be carried by the methods just suggested—45 of the 439 flowering plants belonging to genera that have either papus or winged seeds, 65 to such as have minute seeds, 30 to those with fleshy fruits which are greedily eaten by birds, some have hispid seeds, and 84 are glumaceous plants well suited to conveyance by winds and currents. The only trees and shrubs of this isolated group are bearers of small berries, such as the Portugal laurel, myrtle, laurustinus, and elder, while those with heavy berries, which could not be conveyed by the means suggested—oaks, chestnuts, hazels, apples, beeches, alders, firs—are absent, common as they are in Europe. The character of the flora is that of the southwestern peninsula of Europe, and, if we assume that one half of its species is indigenous, the other introduced by European settlers, there is still a rich and varied flora which Mr. Wallace thinks has been recently carried over 900 miles of ocean by the means just indicated. There is probably no better example of ocean migration than that offered by the Azores, and it is believed that the phenomena in question are still in progress, and that 900 miles do not form the limit of the distance to which this same ocean carriage of plants extends.—*Edinburgh Review.*

Educated Africans.

A remarkable story is told in a recent issue of the Paris Societe de Geographie records M Camille Douls recounts the experience he underwent in a journey in Northwestern Africa. Disguised as a native, it appears he landed on the west coast near Garnet, several hundred miles south of Morocco, pretending to the people of that region that he had been shipwrecked. At first he was roughly dealt with, but finally he gained the confidence of his captors, and after five months' wanderings, by dint of craft he made his way to Morocco. Here his disguise was discovered and he was thrown into prison, to be released presently at the instigation of the British minister.

The adventures recorded are of interest, as they give a new version to the popular story of the great desert. The Oulad Delim, into whose hands M Douls fell, he says are unusually intelligent. They speak a pure Arabic, founded upon the constant study of the Koran. They are monogamous, and treat their wives with the greatest affection and respect as equals of the men. The girls share the education of the boys, learning to read and write with them; hence, the women show an intellectual and moral elevation far beyond that of any other Moslem women.

Soaping Geysers.

At a recent meeting of the American Institute of Mining Engineers Dr. Raymond described the interesting discovery made by a Chinese laundry—that soap thrown into a dormant geyser caused an eruption in every way similar to its actual working. Tourists with little time at their command have utilized this fact to accelerate action in the famous dormant geysers of the Yellowstone Park, and have found their attempt successful. This process of stimulating geysers became very popular until the park authorities put a stop to it and enforced the rule against throwing objects of any kind into the springs. It was found that concentrated lye, put up in half-pound cans, was most convenient for use, being equivalent to several bars of soap.

Coating for a Ship's Bottom.

What constitutes a proper coating for a vessel's under-water lines has long been a mooted question. The Atlanta was originally given a coat of anti-corrosive paint next to her plating, and an outside coat supposed to be proof against the attack of barnacles. An examination of the cruiser's hull showed that the little fellows had eaten their way even through the anti-corrosive pain and were firmly attached to the ship's bottom. It is strongly argued now that a sheating of copper should be given the cruiser, for it is known that those lines of steamers plying in the West India trade find no trouble in maintaining a speed of from ten to eleven knots an hour with their copper-sheating protection.

He Was Prepared.

Jones—Why don't you lay by something for a rainy day?

Brown—I have done so. I'm keeping the umbrella Smith loaned me a week ago.

The Mexican Wasp.

The Mexican wasp bears the same relation to a tarantula that a kingfisher does to a hawk. A hawk preys on chickens and small birds, and kingfishers, that are little birds, will kill a big hawk. A tarantula will kill the most pugnacious birds and beasts, but a Mexican wasp will make short work of a tarantula. A traveler in Mexico tells the New York *Sun* all about them. In five seconds after the wasp has entered the spider's den the tarantula will be dragged out as a butcher drags a dead porker out of a pen. But the wasp's poison has not killed the tarantula; simply put it in a trance. It is now effectually embalmed alive. Sometimes the tarantula killer drags its victim a mile distant, although the spider is many times the wasp's bulk and weight. Then it punctures its victim's body at the base of one of its hind legs and lays an egg deep in the opening. The wasp then digs a hole in the ground and buries the tarantula. When the egg is hatched inside the spider the result is a most voracious grub, which at once begins to eat its way out of its storehouse. It is as if the spider had been kept on ice, nice and fresh in all its flesh and juices.

A Marvelous Walking Stick.

A walking stick for tourists and botanists, recently patented in Germany by Herr Herb, of Pulsnitz, is furnished with the following articles: One side of the handle is a signal call, and on the other side can be fixed a knife (which is above the ferrule). In the middle of the handle is a compass. The handle itself can be screwed off, and within is a small microscope with six object glasses. In the stick, under the handle, is a vessel containing ether or chloroform. Outside the stick there is inserted on one side a thermometer, and on the other side a sand or minute glass. Above the ferrule is the knife already referred to, and to the ferrule can be screwed a botanist's spatula, or an ice point for glacier parties. Lastly, a meter measure is adapted to the stick. A small hammer and a blowpipe are needed to make it suitable for geologists as well as naturalists.—*Mail and Express.*

Getting Our Oar In.

The British Government some weeks since advertised for bids for furnishing oars for use in the naval service of the United Kingdom. The contract was to be a large one, and a Toledo, Ohio, company sent in a bid and captured the job for which all the oarmakers in the world had competed.

A *Commercial* representative called at the works and inquired the number of oars specified in the contract.

"It calls for 240,000 lineal feet," was the response. "They are the regular English oar and vary in length from eight feet six inches to eighteen feet."

"From what kind of lumber are they made?"

"We use white ash, which we receive from Leipsic, and are now working on them."

"How many men will it require?"

"There are forty at work on this contract and they will be busy for some time."

Used the Letter as a Pass.

"You have often heard of the case, I suppose," said a railroad man, "where a magnate wrote to a farmer to move his barn off the railroad land, and the writing was so poor that no one could read it, and the farmer used the order for a pass, the signature being recognized by the conductors. I do not know how true the story is, but I will tell you a similar instance, the truth of which I swear to. When Judge Grinnell was receiver of the Iowa Central Road a man wrote to him for a pass, stating no reasons why he should have one. The Judge became indignant and personally wrote to the applicant, giving him a mild roasting. No one could make out what the letter meant, but with the Judge's signature attached it was considered as an annual pass, and was used as such for nearly nine months. I have seen the letter myself."

Snuff-Taking Not Obsolete.

There is an impression that the habit of snuff-taking has practically died out, but a visit to a glass factory the other day dispelled any such notion. Piled up in the delivery room were cases on cases of the wide-mouth bottles used to put up snuff. "Where do you find a market for these?" was asked. "Oh, all over the country; we make hundreds of thousands of them every year, and the business is on the increase steadily." The fact of the matter is that hundreds of people take snuff who are not suspected of it.—*Philadelphia Press.*

A Delicate Distinction.

Agnes (in a deeply injured tone)—I don't think you need call your sister's best friend bold, even if you don't want to marry her.

Harry—I didn't call her bold; I merely said her chin was the only retiring thing about her!—*Time.*

The Only Solution.

"I'm so indignant that I cannot properly express myself!" cried the speaker.

"Then put a stamp on yourself and go by mail," was the unsympathetic response.—*Bazaar.*

A CHAIN OF TRAGEDIES.

Telegraphic Details of Crime and Calamity.

Loss of Life and Property by Floods in Texas.

A heavy rain fell in Texas and great damage has resulted. Reports from the West show heavy rains for 200 miles. The Brazos and Trinity Rivers were booming. At Benbrook, twelve miles west, the bridge of the Texas and Pacific and 500 feet of the track were washed away. The St. Louis, Arkansas and Texas for two miles out was submerged. The Missouri, Kansas and Texas and the Fort Worth and Denver abandoned their tracks north.

The Texas and Pacific abandoned trains both east and west. At Fort Worth the bottom lands to the north for two miles and to the east for a mile and a half were submerged. The Trinity rose four and a half feet in an hour, and the dwellers on the low lands barely escaped. City Marshal Farmer, Sheriff Richardson, and their entire force for the time became a rescuing corps, and manned the boats which brought the people to the city, where they were quartered in large warehouses. There were 200 men, women and children thus cared for.

H. Plume and sister are said to have been washed away, and Mrs. H. S. Bentley and Patrick, her son, who lived on the Trinity, are missing and said to be drowned. Their house was carried away. The river there is two miles wide, and all the cabins and tents are gone. The St. Louis, Arkansas and Texas operator received a message that the west fork of the Trinity was coming down with an eight foot rise. Six more inches of water, and the water works would have to be abandoned. Wheat, oats, fruit and cotton are badly damaged.

The loss can hardly be computed, but conservative estimates placed it as high as $2,000,000. There was some fear for the little villages along the Trinity, above Fort Worth.

Nearly 200 Miners Killed.

An explosion of fire damp occurred in a coal pit at St. Etienne, France. Three hundred miners were entombed. A number of bodies have been taken out of the pit.

Two pits were affected by the explosion. One of these was inundated, the other was on fire. Sixteen bodies have been recovered. Ten of the miners who were taken out alive were so badly injured that they died. Sixty horses were burned to death.

The news of the disaster spread quickly, and the mouths of the pits were soon surrounded by crowds of relatives and friends of the imprisoned miners. Many heartrending scenes were witnessed as the bodies were brought to the surface. There was no hope of rescuing any of the men, all of whom have perished.

President Carnot has ordered that measures be at once taken for the relief of the families of the dead.

Fourteen miners were rescued with great difficulty. They were nearly dead. The number of the dead is now estimated at 185. Money for the relief of the sufferers was arriving from all points.

Matricide and Suicide.

A young man murdered his mother and then sent a bullet into his own head in Jersey City. The first wound he inflicted on himself was fatal. The second he inflicted on before the police rapped for admission at the door of the house where the bloodthirsty deeds were done. As they entered the young man fired a second shot and killed himself.

The murderer is Herman Probst and the victim his widowed mother, Elizabeth, with whom he lived. Mrs. Probst was about fifty years old and had been a widow sixteen years. Her sight was injured several years ago and she was almost totally blind.

She was a woman of a kind and sweet disposition, and her neighbors cheerfully assisted in the care of the three tidy rooms which served as a home for the mother and the boy whom she so deeply loved. She was constantly describing his devotion to her. He was twenty-six years old, and was considered an exemplary young man. He was sober and industrious, a faithful member of the Methodist Church, and spent his leisure at home making his mother comfortable.

Dervishes Beaten Off.

An engagement has taken place at Arquin, Egypt, between a force of Egyptian troops, under command of Colonel Wodehouse, and a body of dervishes. The dervishes were defeated and fled. Their loss was 500 killed or wounded. Seventy Egyptians were killed or wounded. Two English officers were also wounded. Colonel Wodehouse pursued the dervishes.

The dervishes attempted to effect a lodgement on the river bank. Colonel Wodehouse immediately advanced and attacked them with a field force. The dervishes made a stubborn resistance, but were finally forced to retire, fighting as they went. They were driven northward seven miles, but every foot of the ground was hotly contested. Two guns belonging the enemy were captured by the Egyptians.

Colonel Wodehouse's troops continued the pursuit of the dervishes and captured 500 men.

Drowned at a Sunday-School Picnic.

A sad accident happened at the picnic of the Arch Street Methodist Episcopal Church, of Allegheny City, Penn., at Forest Grove, on the Pittsburg and Western Railroad, by which five young persons were drowned. Their names are Nellie Burton, age eighteen years; May Royal, age sixteen years; Ida Cassidy, age twenty-two; Fannie McComb, age eighteen, and Bert Freeman, age twenty. The five named, with Edward Shaffer, took an old barge and started for a ride on Connaquenessing Creek. The stream was very turbulent and the barge capsized, throwing the occupants into the water. Young Shaffer succeeded in reaching the shore, but the others went down before assistance could reach them.

Two Hundred Injured in Oklahoma.

A great celebration was held at Guthrie, Oklahoma, and thousands of people assembled to witness the feats of horsemanship and see the races. Several large excursion trains came in with visitors eager to enjoy the holiday and note the growth of Oklahoma. A grand stand, hastily constructed, fell to the ground in the midst of the festivities. Two hundred persons were injured, over 100 of whom are seriously hurt, although only one child was instantly killed. The grand Oklahoma celebration and jubilee will long be remembered with sorrow. The bruised and wounded embrace persons from other States as well as from Indian Territory.

Havoc by Rain and Lightning.

A fearful rainstorm struck Dubuque, Iowa, during the afternoon, accompanied by a high wind.

Two boys named Corbet and Bennett, while herding cows on the outskirts of the city, sought refuge in a barn and were killed by lightning.

Considerable damage was done to shrubbery and trees by the high wind, and corn and other small grain suffered from the heavy rainfall, which for a time amounted almost to a waterspout.

Two Men Killed in Massachusetts.

At Chelmsford, Mass., Walker Symonds, Jr., aged twenty-four years, son of the proprietor of the Robbins Hill House, was instantly killed by the premature explosion of a cannon. Another man named Sanford was terribly mutilated, and died while being taken to the hospital.

A MONSTER flight of carrier pigeons will take place at Paris early in August. The various pigeon-flying societies of France, Belgium and Holland have united to let loose 100,000 birds from the new gardens laid out on the site of the Tuileries.

BETWEEN May 23 and June 10 twenty-seven unknown persons destroyed themselves, and there were ninety unsuccessful attempts at suicide in this country.

REPORTS from all sections of Montana show that the wool clip will be the largest and best ever produced in the Territory.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates, see first page.
Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

THE ELEVENTH CENSUS.

The Census law passed last March seems to make far better provision for obtaining the necessary facts than heretofore. The Superintendent will have a large and experienced force under him at the Washington office to make the preparatory provisions. The field operations are on a large scale, of course, the country being divided into 175 districts with a Supervisor over each, with Enumerators for each sub-district. There will be 35,000 of these Enumerators, upon whom, of course, there rests a great responsibility for accuracy in filling up the schedules of information. Special agents will collect special facts as to mining, railroads and all the industries. The arrangement of all this information, after it is obtained, is necessarily a severe task.

The present Census law limits to some extent the field of inquiry, so that there will not be any long delay in the publication of the results. A report on the forests will not be made because the tenth Census furnished an adequate statement which will be good for some years yet. For the same reason the facts as to water power and social statistics will be omitted, they having been sufficiently stated in 1880. In the Census of 1890 greater attention will be paid to the collection of facts as to the indebtedness of States, municipalities and the people, the latter to be obtained through the statistical bureaus of the States to some extent. A full showing of the indebtedness of the people will be a very valuable census feature and will furnish a better basis from which to draw conclusions as to the real prosperity of the country.

This is a big Nation, and it covers a big area of territory, and, having no big standing army or national constabulabulary force, the count of population cannot be done in one day, as in England. The census of 1890 will show a population of about 63,000,000, according to the Actuary of the Treasury Department, and those figures alone suggest the multiplicity of the information involved.

ONE THING WELL.

The editor of the CAROLINIAN once heard a man, speaking of a farmer neighbor, say: "He don't know much about anything, but what he does know, he knows almighty well." He has often thought of it. It was really a compliment to the neighbor, and it suggested some important practical truths.

No man should spread himself out in a half dozen doubtful enterprises, of which he knows little or nothing. Know one thing throughly, so that he can control and direct it safely and successfully, so that all of the operations in that department are performed by what preachers call "spontaniety," then he can undertake safely another branch of business and master it thoroughly.

In this way, mastering one thing at a time, by the time he reaches the meridian of life, if he attends to his business, and does not stand too much on the street corners of the neighboring town, his neighbors will know that he is a farmer whom they can safely imitate, and receive his instruction with pleasura and profit.

We repeat, it is a compliment to say of a neighbor "what he does know he knaws mighty well." There are too many who have only a smattering knowledge of anything, but know nothing well.

Dr. Franklin is credited with introducing broom corn into the United States, he finding a single seed in a lady's brush—said to have been imported from India—which he planted. There are now 30,000 acres of this plant cultivated here, with an annual crop valued at $1,500,000.

"The Trusts are Republican," shout the Free Trade Democrats. The head of the Salt Trust, the head of Sugar Trust, the head of the Standard Oil Trust, the head of the Jute Bag Trust, and the head of the Cotton Seed Oil Trust are all Democrats.

Some days ago Germany was going to swallow Switzerland at one gulp. The stout-hearted little Republic told Germany to try it; and now Germany cough apologetically and says she was joking. Pluck pays.

Good for the clergy of Charleston. Their resolutions condemning lawlessness and crime with inferential reference to the McDow case, read like the inspiring denunciations of the ancient ministers who believed it their duty to rebuke the sins of the people.

Every now and then we hear of some man being forced into matrimony. That's pretty tough on the man, and suggests a very interesting query as to the woman.

Geo. M. Bula Esq, ex chief clerk of the House of Representatives has been appointep to a clerkship under Collectoa Eaves.

WHAT MAKES THE SURPLUS?

The Democrats have held up the Treasury surplus for several years as an excuse for an attack upon the Tariff. Their most pathetic and tearful arguments have been based upon this great sum of money which they claim was wrung from the pockets of the poor man by taxes upon what he ate, what he wore, and what sheltered him.

They have appealed to the people to the people to help them cut down this mighty surplus by a general reduction of the Tariff. The tariff was represented to be the sole agent of mischief in this matter. The people didn't think so nor agree with them last year when the Democratic party tried to make them such talk. And the people will be still less likely to believe them, as they know better the exact relation between the tariff and the surplus.

The New York Sun has very neatly exposed the dishonesty of the Democratic position on this subject. It shows that it is the Internal Revenue taxes, rather than the Tariff, that is doing most to make a surplus, and it gives the figures to prove its statement.

THE ENGLISH SPARROW

The English Sparrow is not indigenous to the United States. It was introduced into this country under a misapprehension in regard to its insectiverous characteristics, but its depredations have become so alarming as to occasion the issuing of a bulletin from the Ornithological division of the Department of Agricul ture, in which its mischievous traits are clearly set forth.

Prof. Riley says the investigations which were carried on to obtain data for the bulletin proved beyond question the bird's uselessness in protecting vegetation from insect injury.

The sparrow was first brought to New York in 1862 and there have been several later importations. Notwithstanding the original purpose for which they were imported it is claimed that they do more injury to crops than they can compensate for the good they accomplish in destroying plant insects.

MORE IMAGINARY THAN REAL.

In reference to the danger of the plutocratic influence in this country an exchange declares that it is more imaginary than real, and quotes the familiar saying that there are in America "but three generations between shirt sleeves and shirt sleeves." The quotation is wildly inaccurate, however, as it is a well known fact that in certhin sections of the wild and woolly portions of the country the highest average lapse of time between shirt sleeves and shirt sleeves is not above three weeks.

There is one very peculiar about the Democratic party. It generally feels a great deal better before taking its medicine than it does after taking it.

It is said that if the Civil Service Commissioners were compelled to answer all their own questions, there would soon be some vacancies on the Board.

Mr Wanamaker, as Postmaster General, oocupies smaller and plainer offices than any other member of the Cabinet.

Robert Hancock jr., has been appointed Collector of Customs at the port of Newberne. He is a good man.

Talking about a National flower, what's the matter with "sweet violets?"

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, July 12, 1889.

The sensation-loving correspondents had an attack of summer madness the past week just because Commissioner Tanner, the day after his return from the West, had a conference with Secrtary Noble and Asistant Secretaery Bussey of the Interior department. It was announced in double leaded type that Tanner had been "bounced." Commissioner Tanner and Assistant Secretary Bussey both assured your correspondent that there was not, nor had there been at any time the slightest trouble, and that the conference mentioned was held at Mr Tanners's request in order to consider certain department mental matters connected with the opening of the fiscal year.

An attempt was made thiseweek to get the President to change the present practice of keeping secret any charges that may be made against an applicant for office. e an was stated that under this rulran applicant is deprived of what isgthe ted to the meanest criminal—an right of facing his accusers. A mg may not even know that any c ar es have been filed against him, while some secret enemy may go to the President with every charge that malice can suggest. The President acknowledged that the present rule doubtless bore down pretty hard on many innocent men, but he did not think it advisable to change it, because in that case many bad men would slip through because people would object to telling what they knew.

Howard A. Taylor, editor of the Hudson, Wis., "Star & Times, has been appointed Commissioner of Railroads, to succeed Gen. Jos. E. Johnson. A good many changes are quietly taking place in the Departments here. The weeding is being very carefully done, but it is only a question of time when it will be thorough and complete.

Energy and Industry Rewarded

THE RISE END SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS CAREER OF A SOUTHERN YONNE MAN.

The new York Record in a recent issue gave an interesting and detailed account of the rise and successful business career of Mr. James A. Wilmore the senior member of the firm of J. A. Wilmore & Co., publishers of Hitchcock's Analysis of the Bible," a work exceptional merit and one with which many of our readers are doubtless familiar. Mr. Wilmore is a native of Kentucky and about twelve years ago began canvassing for the above mentioned book having at that time barely enough money to purchase his outfit The Analysis of the Bible or the wole of the Old and New Testaments arranged according to subjects had received the highest praise from the leading divines of all denominations and wherever introduced it made warm friends and enthusiastic admirers. Mr Wilmores success was such that he early conceived the idea of purchasing the work and from that time until in 1883 when he became the sole owner of the plates and copyright he bent every energy to accomplish his purpose. In less than nine years by hard work an indomitable perseverance from his earnings as a canvasser he had purchased and paid for a book that cost him over $35 000, Under his ownership the Analysis has enjoyed a constantly increasing sale. The work is sold exclus by subscription through regular appointed canvassers and the record shows that single canvassers have sold as high as 30 copies in one day and 120 copies in one week A peculeiay feiture of the book like that of our common arranged Bible is that it never grows old an on account of its great convenience self-explanatory arrangement it is almost indispensabl to every household being the standard work of its kind the demand for it is steadily increasing and its sale is therefore unlimited. Territory that has been canvassed once can be canvassed the secondand third time with great successince the first canvass only serves to introduce the work and pave the way to a subquent canvass. Canvassers have found a veritable bonanza in the second and third canvase of territory for this unparalleled and time saveing work. Mr. Wilmore being a self made man in every resdect has a lively sympathy for every youngman in the South who is striveing to better himself in life, The firm of which he is at the head are constantly on the lookout for wide-awake men to handle their publications. They offer big inducements to those who wish a permanent and paying position as may be seen from their advertisement in a nother column of this paper With such an example to emulate we shoul advise every reader of this paper who is anxious to secure a good position in position in business to correspond with J. A. Wilmore & Co at 43 and 45 Centre Street New York.

A Woman's Discovery.

"Another wonderful discovery has been made and that too by a lady in this county. Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death was imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She bought of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was so much relieve out aking first dose that she slept all night and with one bottle has been miraculously cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz," Thus write W. C. Hamrick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Get a free trial bottle at A. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

Bryant Waters, age 97 years and a veteran of the war of 1812, died at his home in this county on Tuesday the 2nd inst. after a short illness. Mr. Waters served at Charleston, S. C., in repelling the British advance and saw good service at other points. He was one of the few survivors left in the country of that memorable struggle, and died universally esteemed by our people. For years he has been a pensioner of the Government whose flag over three-quarters of a century ago he served under so well. Peace to the old heroe's ashes.—Plymouth Beacon.

The Atlanta Constitution admits that the tail wags the dog in this sad paragraph. The South is the biggest end of the Democratic party but its position is such that it cannot afford to take matters in its own hands. It iscompelled to danceattendance on the will and purpose of the Northern Democrats. This may be disgraceful and discreditable but as we have said a fact is a fact no matter what its complexion may be.

Commissioner of Agriculture John Robinson writes as follows in the Bulletin for May: "When our farmers get their farms seeded with clover and the grasses and divorce the farm from the cotton and tobacco incubus they will begin to realize how much easier it is to live and make money by growing stock not only for their own needs but also for the markets.

A young man known as 'a gilded youth" sent the following note to a rich uncle the other night: "Not one word—if you do not send me $2,000 before midnight I shall cease to live." A similar demand had been received earlier in the day, so the fond uncle replied: "In response to a former favor I have already forwarded you my revolver. It is in good condition and loaded."

The law in this State now requires the record of the property of white people to be kept seperate from that of the colored, This plan furnishes an easy means of ascertaining the relative amount of property owned by the two races and the taxes paid by them.

AND THAT'S ENOUGH.

She isn't an angel;
She isn't a goddess,
She isn't a lily, a rose or a pearl,
She's simply what's sweetest,
Completest and neatest,
A dear little,
Queer little,
Sweet little girl.
—Indianopolis Tribune

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

THE CAPITALS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Washington became the capital of the United States in the year 1800. The city was founded in 1791. The capital of the United States has been located at different times at the following places: At Philadelphia from September, 1774, until December 1776; at Baltimore from December, 1776 to March, 1777; at Philadelphia, from March, 1777, to September, 1777; at Lancaster, Pa., from Sept. 27th to 30, 1777; at York, Pa., from Sept. 30, 1777, to July, 1778; at Philadelphia from July 2, 1778 to June 30, 1783; at Princeton, N. J., June 30, 1783 to November 30, 1783; Annapolis, Md., Nov. 26, 1783 to Nov. 30, 1784; Trenton, from November, 1784 to January, 1785; New York from Jan. 11, 1785 to 1790; then the seat of government was removed to Philadelphia, where it remained until 1800, since which time it has been at Washington. The plan of the city of Washington shows that it was laid out with the view of its becoming a vast metropolis.

THE DEMOCRACY WITHOUT A LEADER.

Who is the National Democratic leader? Has it a leader?

If so, is he a protectionist or a free trader, and who is he anyway?

If it is Cleveland, will Randall march under his banner?

If it is Randall, will Mr. Cleveland serve in the ranks? Or will Mr. Brice, who is at heart a Republican protectionist, carry the flag in front of both Randall and Cleveland to say nothinu of Hill?

The National Democracy have and acknowledge no leader.

They have no man of commanding power or importance since Mr. Tilden died; no man who can unite their discordant forces and lead them on in solid columns as Samuel Tilden did.

They have no central rallying point and no central figure,—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

THE PROGRESS OF THE COLORED RACE.

From the St Louis Globe-Democrat.

Judge Tourgee's optimistic view of the negro race in America is cheering. We have heard too much lately of the inevitable inferiority of the negro race. He tells us that a quarter of a century ago these people were not worth any appreciable amount of property; but in ten years they accumulated $12,000 000 in saving banks and to-day hold property valued at $100,000,000. In Georgia they own a million acres. Half the mechanics in the South are negroes and they raise two-thirds of the cotton. The African M. E. Church has 12,000 churches, 10,000 preachers and gives $2,000,000 annually for church work. The percentage of illiterate whites at present rate of progress, will soon be greater than that of the blacks. If a conflict should be forced, the Judge assures the fire-eaters that the odds would not be sure with the whites, If ever common sense and truly Christian was needed, it is in dealing with this negro problem.

THE QUICKEST DIVORCE ON RECORD,

From the Lewiston Journal.

The quickest divorce ever granted in York county was decreed by Judge Haskell at Alfred the other day. Mrs. Edward W. Kelley of Saco had applied for a divorce, and she appeared before the court to plead her reasons, Her husband had spent most of his time since their marriage in jail, and had just been brought up on a charge of stealing hens.

"Is that man your husband?" asked the judge. The woman replied in the affirmative,

"You're divorced," said the Court with a celerity of action equal to that of the hustling New Hampshire parson who married his patrons in this fashion: "You take this woman for a wife? You take this man for a husband? Married. Two dollars."

A SUSPICIOUS ADDITION.

Daughter—When I marry, mamma, it will be for love—

Mother—Do not talk like a simpleton, dear.

Daughter—As I was about to observe when you interrupted me, when I marry it shall be for love of position, ease and display. Business before sentiment, mamma.

Mother—Spoken like a heroine! (Sotto voice) I must keep an eye on that girl or she will run away with the first beggar that looks cross-eyed at her.—Birmingham Republican.

THE USUAL CONDITIONS.

Omaha World.

Mamma "Bobby, I notice that your little sister took the smaller apple, Did you let her have her choice, as I told you to?"

"Yes, I told her she could have the little one or none, and she chose the little one."

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT.

When physicians fail to give relief in cases of chronic ailments, resulting from poison blood, how gratifying to the sufferer to obtain at last the right remedy. Where every other treatment miserably fails to cure, Botanic Blood Balm invariably gains a victory.

SAN SABA, TEXAS, February 9, 1882.

Our little daughter became effected with some form of scalp disease, supposed to be ringworm or eczema. It first began in white scabs or dandruff and then formed in small sores all over the front part of her head with rough patches on her forehead and face, and then run an ugly eating sore on her head which continued to spread until a neighbor insisted on me trying B. B. B. After using a bottle and a half the sore is healing nicely and the child's health much improved and she is getting fat. I believe B. B. B. to be an excellent blood purifier and very quick in its action. MRS. BETTIE GRAVES.

SORES

WILLOW CITY, TEXAS, April 9, 1888.

Blood Balm Co.: I was taken with paralysis, the doctors said caused by a tumor that is attached to the bowels, and had a bad case of dyspepsia. B. B. B. has done me more good than all the doctors. WM. SHELTON.

TUMORS

BARSWORTH, CHAMBERS CO., ALA., February 6, 1888.

For the last six years I have been a great sufferer from blood poison; could not get anything that would do me any good. The doctors thought I would die. Two years ago I was stricken down with cancer of the lower extremities and was not able to walk out of my room, the cancer causing me to suffer great pain. A month ago I commenced taking the B. B. B. and was able to walk a half mile before I had taken two bottles. The cancer is healing up nicely, and I think the use of this remedy will cure me. (11) K. M. SMITH.

CANCER

WANTED SALESMEN. We want a few more reliable and energetic men to handle our wonderful book. Nearly 500,000 sold to date. One man sells 30 copies in a single day another 120 in a week. A rare chance to secure a permanent, paying position

Address us at once, stating age, occupation, and reference.

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A $5 Book For $1.00. How To Build A House.



If you are thinking of building a house you ought to buy the new book, Palliser's American Architecture, or every man a complete builder, prepared by Palliser, Palliser & Co., the well known architects.

There is not a Builder or any one intending to Build or otherwise interested that can afford to be without it. It is a practical work and everybody buys it. The best, cheapest and most popular work ever issued on Building. Nearly four hundred drawings. A $5 book in size and style, but we have determined to make it meet the popular demand, to suit the times, so that it can be easily reached by all.

This book contains 104 pages 11 x 14 inches in size, and consists of large 9 x 12 plate pages giving plans, elevations, perspective views, descriptions, owners' names, actual cost of construction, no guess work, and instructions How to Build 70 Cottages, Villas, Double Houses, Brick Block Houses, suitable for city suburbs, town and country, houses for the farm and workingmen's homes for all sections of the country, and costing from $300 to $6,500; also Barns, Stables, School House, Town Hall, Churches, and other public buildings, together with specifications, form of contract, and a large amount of information on the erection of buildings, selection of site, employment of Architects. It is worth $5.00 to any one, but I will send it in paper cover by mail postpaid on receipt of $1.00; bound in cloth, $2.00. Address all orders to J. S. OGILVIE, PUBLISHER, P. O. Box 2767. 57 Rose St., New York.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor

A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand,

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER.
FRED H. ZIEGLER.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA—Pasquotank County.

F. W. Lowry and Others vs. Mordicai Price and Others!

The defendants will take notice that the plaintiffs will, within twenty days from the date hereof, file in the office of the Board of County Commissioners a petition to open a Road from Wilson Creek Bridge across Newbegun Creek to Crocker Hill, and the said defendants are required to appear before the said Board of Commissioners at their meeting on the first Monday in May, next and show cause why the prayer of the petitioners should not be granted.

March 6th, 1889.

F. W. LOWRY & OTHERS, Plaintiffs

IT'S TIME

You began to think of your Fall Trading, Friend, and when you think of that, you can think of

Moses Weisel's Stock,

which offers everything in the choice of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer,

MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS

Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods, the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise

YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE,

But hustle right in and get the pick of the ice New Goods that are offered at

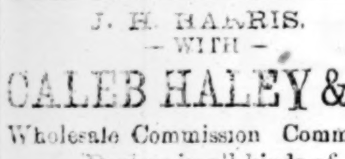
MOSES WEISEL'S,

Corner Main & Water sts, Elizabeth City

J. H. HARRIS.
—WITH—

CALEB HALEY & CO

Wholesale Commission Commission Dealers in all kinds of



FRESH FISH.

14 FULTON MARKET,
NEW YORK

The sale of North Carolina Shad a Specialty, Stencils and Stationary on application.

Ask your Grocer for

PATAPSCO 196 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C. A. GAMBRILL MFG. Co. BALTIMORE

THE Premier Flour OF AMERICA.

The C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING COMPANY begs to refer Flour dealers and consumers to above cut of our well known brand "PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT," and respectfully asks them to see that the word "PATAPSCO" and name of the Company are on evey package. Flour branded only" Superlative Patent" is not manufactured by us

For SALE BY J. B. FLORA.

C. A. GAMBRILL MFG CO, Baltimore

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NORTH CAROLINA—Pasquotank County In the Superior Court.

Jno. L. Hinton, Plaintiff, vs Griffin Pritchard, Defendant.

By virtue of an execution directed to the undersigned from the Superior Court Pasquotank County, in the above entitled action, I will on Monday 5th day of August 1889 at 12 o'clock m. at the Court House door of said county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said execution the following described Town Lot, to wit: Beginning at the corner of Pearl and Martin st. and running N. along East side of Martin st. about 150 feet to the line of Mrs. E. Owens, thence an Easterly course about 185 feet to the lot belonging to the heirs of G. W. Charles and W. F. Martin, thence a South course along the line of said Charles and Martin about 150 feet to Pearl st., thence West along the N. side of Pearl st, about 185 feet to the place of beginning, containing three fourths of an acre. April 29th, 1889.

T. P. WILCOX,
Sheriff Pasquotank County.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Sale of Judgments, Notes, etc.

Pursuant to an order of the Superior Court Clerk of Pasquotank County, N. C., made this day, I shall sell, for cash, at the Court House door in Elizabeth City, N. C., on

MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1889.

at 12 o'clock M., certain Judgments, Notes, etc., belonging to the late firm of S. Weisel & Son and S. Weisel deceased.

For itemized list, see public posters at the Court House and three other public places in Pasquotank county.

GEO. W. COBB, Adm'r S. Weisel dec'd and Assignee Moses Weisel.

Elizabeth City, N. C., May 24, 1889.



Superior to all Substitutes For raising and making Light, Digestible Biscuits, Bread, Tea Cake, Pies, Muffins, Waffles, Johnny Cake, Corn Bread, Short Cake, Pot Pies, Dumplings, Boiled Puddings and Buckwheat. ¼ pound cans 5 cents. Sold by Country Merchants. Drew Manufacturing Co., BALTIMORE, Md.

T. Lanphear. A. W. Haff

LANPHEAR & HAFF.

Wholesale Commission Dealers



In Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET, NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. No Agents,

HINCHMAN SON & CO,

Wholesale Commission Dealers



FRESH FISH, GAME, TERRAPIN, Etc,

7 & 8 DOCK STREET WHARF, PHILADELPHIA PA.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. No Agents.

H. M. ROGERS. A. M. ROGERS. H. C. ROGERS

H. M. ROGERS & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers IN All Kinds of Fish.



11 ulton Fish Market & 207 Front St NEW YORK.

Warehouse& Cold Storage, 207 Front St.

SHAD A SPECIALTY

O. S. HARDING & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

FRESH FISH



Game and Terrapin,

Nos 9 & 10 Dock Street Wharf, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

S. T. SKIDMORE.

Wholesale Commission Dealer

—IN ALL KINDS OF—



Fresh Fish.

142 & 144 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK.

C. G. LINDER. J. A. LINDER.

C. G. LINDER & BRO,

SUCCESSORS TO A. B. HIGBIE & CO.,

Commission Merchants and Wholesale DEALERS IN

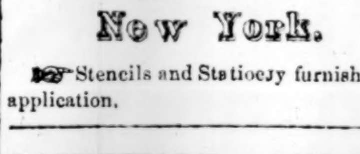
FRESH FISH, GAME & TERRAPIN

30, 31, 40 & 41 Dock Street Wharf, Philadelphia, Pa.

S. L. STORER & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

Fresh Fish,



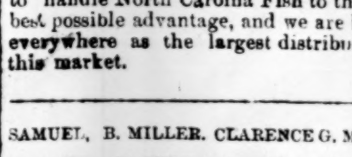
LOBSTERS, TURTLE, ETC,

19 Fulton Fish Market, New York.

Stencils and Statioery furnished on application.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS

WHOLESAL ROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS



And Dealers in Fish,

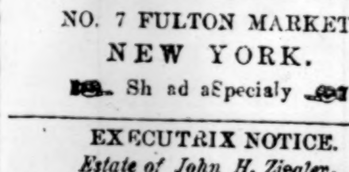
RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance, and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West anSouth we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

SAMUEL B. MILLER. CLARENCE G. MILLER

S. B. MILLER & CO,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION



FISH DEALERS

NO. 7 FULTON MARKET?

NEW YORK.

Sh ad aSpecialy

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

Estate of John H. Ziegler.

Having qualified as Executrix of the late John H. Ziegler, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same, to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This February 20th, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER, Ex'x

JACOB SALOMONSKY

—0—0—

The Grandest Display of

CLOTHING —AND— DRESS GOODS

Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the

Very Lowest Prices.

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS FURNISINGGOODS.

STORE ON WATER STREET, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J. W. WHARTON,

WHOLESALE

COMMISSION DEALER,

IN FRUIT, PRODUCE, FISH Oysters, Terrapin, Poultry, Eggs, Game, &c., in Season

No. 5 S. Delaware Avenue Market

FOOT OF DOCK STREET

PHILADELPHIA

Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

ICE AND COAL!

Rawlins, Whitehurst & Co.

continue to supply ice both in large and small quantities.

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C. FRED DAVIS
4-tf. Agent

H. HILGARTNER SONS

STEAM

Marble & Granite Works

MONUMENTS, ETC.

Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc

526 & 528 West Baltimore BALTIMORE, MD.

J. H. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Elizabeth City, N. C.
L. F. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Edenton, N. C.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN'S TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED. Drs. STARKEY & PALEN NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and *all chronic and Nervous Disorders.*

"The Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs Starkey & Palen, No. 1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., have been using for the last 17 years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen *magnetized*, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen have the liberty to refer to the following named well known persons who have tried their Treatment: Hon. W. D. Kelley Member of Congress, Philadelphia; Rev. Victor A. Conrad, Editor Lutheran Observer, Phila.; Hon. Wm. Penn Nixou, Editor Inter-Ocean, Chicago, Ill.; W. H. Worthington, Editor of New South, Birmingham, Ala.; Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, Melrose, Mass.; Judge R. S. Vochres, New York City. Frank Siddall, Merchant, Phil.; Fidelia M. Lyon, Sandwich Islands; Alexander Richie, Invernes, Scotland; Emma Cooper Utilla, Spanish Honduras; M. V. Ashbrook, Red Bluff, Cal; James Moore, Sup't Police, Blandford, Dorsetshire, England; Jacob Ward, Bowral, New South Wales, and thousands of others in every part of the United States.

"*Compound Oxygen—its Mode of Action and Results,*" is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to d e by other physicians. It will be mailed free to any address on application.

DRS. STARKEY & PAL E
No. 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less ime than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo, with decription. We advise if patentable or not. Fee of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents" with names of actual clients in your State sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW CO.,
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C

SHAD GILL NETS.

—0—

We offer the best COTTON GILL NETS, we are capable of making with our long experiencee for 1890, and ask patrons to send in their kind orders as early as possible, so we can have time to carefully prepare them. Will deliver at time wanted.

WILLIAM STOWE,
Gloucester Net & Twine Co.,
may 8-6m. BOSTON

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of R. P. Krauss, dec'd.

Having qualified as Administrator of R. P. Krauss, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of recovery. This February 20, 1889

G. W. COBB, Adm'r.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

—HOTELS.—

New Albemarle House, Elizabeth City, N. C.

FRANK M. GROCE Prop'r.

TERMS: $2 & $2.50 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel. It has been refitted and made first class. It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat

The Proprietor will spare no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for its patrons. The rooms are large well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best

Electric Bells have been Introduced.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offer first class accommodations of the traveling public.

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamer

Terms Reasonable.

J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL,

—HERTFORD, N. C.

—0—

Joseph H. Long, Proprietor.

—0—

New Furniture, New Servants and everything First Class.

Free Hack to and from the Depot Passengers stopping at the Hotel.

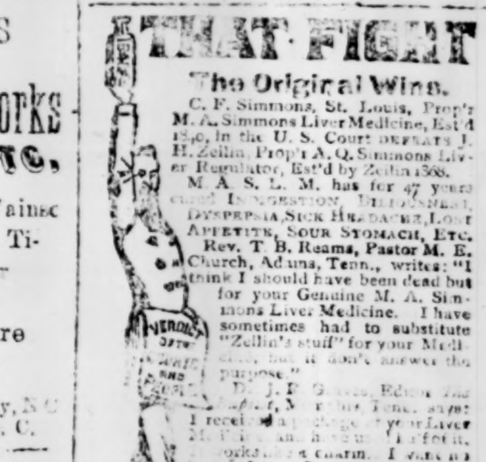
—MISCELLANEOUS—

Home-Made Tin-Ware BY R. G. HILL, The Tinner.

Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.

And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

THAT FIGHT



The Original Wins.

C. F. Simmons, St. Louis, Prop'r M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine, Est'd 1840, in the U. S. Court defeats J. H. Zeilin, Prop'r A. Q. Simmons Liver Regulator, Est'd by Zeilin 1868.

M. A. S. L. M. has for 47 years cured Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Lost Appetite, Sour Stomach, Etc.

Rev. T. B. Reams, Pastor M. E. Church, Adams, Tenn., writes: "I think I should have been dead but for your Genuine M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine. I have sometimes had to substitute "Zeilin's stuff" for your Medicine, but it don't answer the purpose."

Dr. J. R. Graves, Editor The Baptist, Memphis, Tenn., says: I received a package of your Liver Medicine, and have used it. It works like a charm. I want no better Liver Regulator and certainly no more of Zeilin's mixture.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST FOR BLACK STOCKINGS FINE COLORS THAT NEITHER SMUT WASH OUT NOR FADE CAN ONLY BE MADE BY USING



PEERLESS DYES 46 Colors SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

ALSO

PEERLESS BRONZE PAINTS—6 Colors.
PEERLESS LAUNDRY BLUING.
PEERLESS INK POWDERS—5 Kinds 7 Colors.
PEERLESS SHOE AND HARNESS DRESSING.
PEERLESS EGG DYES—8 Colors.

FAVORITE SINGER

Warranted for Five Years.

ONLY $20. DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME.



EXCELS ALL.

Our Favorite Singer

Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers.

Sent on one week's trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for circulars and Testimonials,

Co-operative Sewing Machine Co.,
319 Quince Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

ADVERTISERS or others, who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St., the Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

GOOD NEWS

TO ALL!

I shall offer my entire Stock of fine Boots and Shoes at and below Cost.

Gent's Fine Shoes.

I am now offering the latest fine Shoes at Manufacturer's prices, which will save you 25 per cent by buying your Goods of H. WEISEL.

On account of ill health, and discontinuing business, I am now selling at Cost.

Boy's Shoes.

My stock of Boy's Shoes will be sold regardless of cost. Shoes at $1.00 worth $1.25; shoes at $1,25 worth $1,50; shoes at $1.30 worth $1.60, and many other styles—all of which must be sold.

Children's Shoes.

Now is your only chance to buy your Children's Shoes at and below cost.—Shoes formerly $1.25 now only $1.00; shoes formerly $1.50 now only $1.25; shoes formerly $.200 now only $1.50. I have on hand a few pairs of Children's Shoes which I will offer you regardless of cost, as these goods must be sold within the next 60 days.

Ladie's Shoes.

I have a full and complete assortment of Ladies fine Shoes, which will be sold at a big reduced price; also a full line of ordinary Service Shoes, which I will likewise sell below cost. Shoes that sold for $1.25 can be bought now for $1.00; shoes that sold for $1.50 a pair now at $1.25; shoes formerly $1.75 can be bought now at $1.50; shoes formerly $2,00 now at $1.75; and many other kinds which I will sell below actual cost.

Misses Shoes.

I will now offer Misses Shoes, all sizes, at Manufacturer's cost prices. Misses shoes selling at $1.25 a pair now at $1.00; shoes selling for $1.50 a pair now at $1.25; shoes selling at $1.75 now at $1.50; shoes selling at $2.00 now at $1.75 a pair. And a full line of Misses very fine Shoes that will be sold regardless of cost.

Infants Shoes.

My stock of Infant's Shoes is full and complete, which I will sell at cut-rate prices. These goods are worth double the money, and are of very fine quality and can be bought now from 25 cents up.

Infant's fine Shoes, all sizes, that sold for $1,35 now at $1,15 a pair. Fine Dongola Kid Shoes, with and without heels, from 50c up. These prices are at half value, and worth double the money.

Trunks & Valices.

I have just received a full stock of Trunks and Valices, which I will sell below cost. These prices are to suit every one. Trunks selling from $2.00 and $2.25, I will sell at $1.50 a piece. Trunks selling at $3.00 worth $3.75. Trunks at $4.00 worth $5.00. Trunks at $5.75 are worth $6.75, and many other prices too numerous to mention. I have a few Valices on hand from 50c up.

I have also a few Traveling Bags, selling at $1.75, $2.00, $2.25 up, that can be bought now at half price.

Hats and Caps.

I am going to offer my entire line of the latest styles of Hats ever shown in Elizabeth City, such as the celebrated Rossmore, Dunlap, Martin, Yeoman and Miller styles at a big reduction in prices.—These goods are the best quality and will be sold below cost. I am selling them from 85c up, So you need not be without a nice hat cheap.

Just look in H. WEISEL'S Show Window and see what he throws at you for $1.40, which are actually far below cost, but the goods must be sold.

Come one! Come all! and be convinced.

Also a few fine CAPS, which I will close out to you from 25c up. They are at one-fourth their value.

Clothing Department,

I have, without a doubt, the best selected Stock of MEN'S, YOUTH'S and BOY'S CLOTHING ever brought to this City and am selling them at prices that will astonish any one who is a judge of them. Now take Black Corkscrews, for instand; There are numerous grades, shapes, styles and colors. We have them in Prince Albert's; 4 B Cutaways; Round & Straight Cut Sacks, from $6.00 to $18.00. I have also some genuine imported Scotch Cassimeres and Scotch Chivoit, and the best French Imported Worsted, in all shapes grades, styles and colors, such as stripes, plaid, check, etc. I am not asking you to buy—only inviting you to give me a look and be *convinced* that I am trying to do a fair and square business and intend to carry out my Intentions let come what will.

I started small, and by fair dealing I have won a TRADE that sticks to me like sealing wax on the wall. You all know that we can't sell some folks goods if we were to offer them for less than cost Now why is that? Can't you guess? It is because they are no judge of goods, and they are strangers in the Town and havn't found out that we are ONE PRICE and do a straight business. Some people will show you Clothing and ask you $15.00 and take $8.00, and then you get the same suit we charge $6.00 for.

You see we make one ONE PRICE, and that is the LOWEST. We have a reputation for handling the most *perfect fitting Goods* in this City.

Boys Department

We have the very thing for BOYS—something that will wear and give satisfaction. We can give you a Nice Suit in Worsted Cassimere Corkscrew for $2.00 $2.50, $3.00. The Boys all like to trade here because we try to suit them. They all know what they want; and we know it, and we are going to do our best to please them. We should all try to please the Little Folks, as they will remember it when they get to be men.

We have some fine *Kilt Suit and Shirt Waist* for the Little Fellows, something never kept here before.

Now don't fail to come and see us, as our Mr Tatem, who has charge of that Department, and who is an experienced Clothing man, will take pleasure in showing you the entire stock.

And don,t forget our 49 cent Dusters.

H. WEISEL,

WATER STREET

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1889.

Now!

Act promptly.

Subscribe for the CAROLINIAN.

The fruit crop is better than usual.

Our farmers are feeling hopeful about their crops.

The CAROLINIAN appreciates the interest manifested by its friends.

Farmers report that, upon the whole, their corn and cotton promises well.

There will be a re-union of the Confederate veterans here on the 31st inst.

With the thermometer up in the nineties humanity swelters, but the corn and cotton are growing.

Since the gerrymander and re gerrymandering, who can tell the legal boundaries of Elizabeth City?

A citizen of Mount Hermon, this county, listed his property as follows: 1 mule, $2; 4 goats, $1; 1 dog, $15.

Mr. Felix Jones, of Camden, called yesterday. He reports the crops, on an average, in that county looking well.

The county bridge at Knob's Creek is being rebuilt, with a draw. Capt. J. F. Snell has the contract. He will make a good job of it.

Capt. Hussey is having a new engine put in the "Lizzie Burruss." The Captain is brimful of enterprise and is one of our most popular steam boat men.

The County Teachers' Institute was opened on Monday, conducted by Prof J. Y. Joyner, of Goldsboro. The sessions are being held at the Court House.

Mr. Cecil P. Pool, of Norfolk, is now here, and, with Charles Guirkin jr., will make an effort to organize an Electric Light Company, to supply our town. May they be successful.

Mr. E. B. Lewis, of Norfolk, and Miss Lula G. Hodges, of Newport News, Va., arrived on the noon Express on the 9th, were united in matrimony by Rev. C. A. G. Thomas and returned on the evening train.

The Democratic Revenue officers would be glad if things could be managed in the District, as they have been in Elizabeth City so that they could "hold over!" How reluctant they are to go! 'Turn the rascals out!"

At the recent municipal election in Seattle, Washington Territory, our former young townsman, Robert Albertson, was elected City Attorney by the largest majority ever given to a Republican. He is a young man of decided ability, and the vote shows that he is popular.

A movement is being agitated to establish a steamboat mail line between Elizabeth City and Manteo The large and growing business connections between this place and the lower Sound section is demanding much better mail facilities, and the time has come when the service should be supplied by steamer.

Sectionalism should have no abiding place under the blue of heaven, save in the regions of his Plutonic Majesty, from whence it originates. It is only the Bourbon politician that rants about it and tries to make it play a part in serving his evil and selfish purposes. It is uncalled for; it is all wrong. Here, in Elizabeth City the business is conducted by men of both sections. Side by side they work together to build up the City's commerce, develope her industries and advance her claims upon the outside world. In their business intercourse there is nothing to disturb its harmony but the rivalries natural to competition. There is no more reason why a man's politics should be demanded or what section he comes from than to demand the color of his hair or the religion he professes.

Dr. D. S. Harmon. the celebrated Russian Occulist, arrived here on Saturday, and has taken rooms at the Albemarle House. We have called on him and found him to be the best posted Optician we ever met His testimonials are of the highest character. He has a wonderful instrument, of his own invention, just patented, by which he measures each eye separately, and both together thus enabling him at once to select the glasses adapted to each particular case. He holds that "a genine Optician has no more use for ready made spectacles than a Dentist has for ready made teeth.' His methods and facilities for treating the various affections of the eye, while new, impressed us as being scientific and practical. We advise those of our readers having any trouble with their eyes to call on him. His office hours are from 8 a. m., to 6 p. m.

Did you ever know a politician who was not "in the hands of his friends?"

——Fowler & Co have colored Carpets Warps of their of their own make at 25c per pound.

Misfortunes rarely come singly. They are generally married and have big families.

It is a fact that many people who are gifted with second sight have very little first sight.

A fellow who has actually tried it says that although there are three scruples in a dram the more drams you take the fewer scruples you will have.

——Wise men follow the star that lead to Moses Weisels store.

The CAROLINIAN has very little respect for the "whiners" of the earth; very little regard for men who always submit to be toads under the harrow, and small sympathy for the strong, healthy man who says he can't earn his own living.

——Of course you are going to Fowler & Co's for your Spring Shoes.

"Doctor," said the patient, "I believe there is something wrong with my stomach." "Not a bit of it," replied the doctor, promptly. "God made your stomach and He knows how to make them. There's something wrong with the stuff you put into it, may be, and something wrong with the way you stuff it in and tramp it down, but your stomach is all right."

——Examine Moses Weiseisstock of Parasols and Umbrellas before buying

Grumblers are of all people the most depressing. It is not necessary for you yourself to be personally found fault with to make it worse than misery to be with them. It is the atmosphere they create about themselves, the life they give you to lead. And, when their cross humor translates itself into personal displeasure and quarreling over trifles, then are they the very scourges of their time and place, and no one can be blamed who tries to escape from them.

——Staple groceries at standard prices at Robinson's.

In reply to "Inquirer" the CAROLINIAN will state that the members of the celebrated Electoral Commission of 1876 were Nathan Clifford, Samuel F. Miller, Stephen J. Fields. Wm. Strong and Joseph P. Bradley on the part of the Supreme Court; George F. Edmunds, Oliver P. Morton, Frederick T. Freylinghuysen, Allen G. Thurman and Thomas F. Bayard on the part of the Senate, and Henry B. Payne, Eppa Hunton, Josiah G. Abbott, George F. Hoar and James A. Garfield on the House.

——Pouring oil on the troubled waters is getting to be an actual fact in the mariner's experience. We venture to say that the matrimonial voyage might be made smoother and more pleasant by letting the fire die out in your old fashioned cook stove and letting your wife do the cooking in one of those modern New Lee Stoves. sold at Robinson's.

The inquiries of "A Reader" about Electricity are pertinent The uses to which this great factor of our modern civilization are being put to point to a greater development of its powers in aiding industry both by saving labor and accelerating production in different ways. For instance, a new system of lighting trains by electricity has been inaugurated on a Western railroad. The trains are fitted up with numerous incandescent lamps supplied by a dynamo placed in the forward end of the baggage car, operated by steam from the locomotive. Each car has a storage battery of three hours capacity, which, when exhausted, is easily refilled from the inexhaustible source of supply, so that there is really no limit to the duration of the lights while the engine is attached to the train.

——KRANICH & BACH PIANOS are Instruments which stand in the ranks of standard makes. They are sold for Cash, or on easy Installment payments. This celebrated firm has placed a sample Piano with Mrs. Lilla Price, and parties desiring to purchase are invited to call, to see, hear and try this Instrument. Mrs. Price will cheerfully show the Piano and give particulars, in the absence of Mr, J Rueckert, Managing Salesman.

The following is a list of the members of the Pasquotank Rifles and Band who went to the Encampment:

Captain—J. E. Wood.

Lieutenants—1st, Wm. J. Griffin; 2d, Wm. C. Glover.

Sergeants—1st, J H. White; 2d, M. L. Simpson; 3d, R. D. Williams; 4th, Wm Broughton; 5th, T P Nash.

Privates—R T Bell, James Cooper, P. Cohoon, E. Davis, Jas Duke Wm Dawson, D Eason, A Gard, A K Kramer, C W Kellinger, J T Love, C Lennard, Wm Madrin, D A Morgan, Wm Mann, T J Mann, Ed F Martin, Wm H Morris, Cam W Melick, C W Overman, Wm Poyner, G B Petterson, Thos Parr, Chas Pappendick Jos Pritchard, L J Pritchard, Ed Swain, Charles Scott, C L Riddle, R B Swindell, Wm Simpson, R L Temple, Hal Vaughan, Percy S Vaughan, Neal Williams, Wel H Waters, A West, James West, P H Williams.

Band—Wm Towe, leader; Fred Zeigler, Lane Simons, John Culpepper, Chas Brockett, L M Ball, Emmerson Davis, Lev C Guirkin, Cary Modlin, Will H Miskell, Et Shannon, Jesse Pritchard, G Spence, Fred Thompson, L F Zeigler, J H Zeigler.

The eleventh commandment—Mind your own business.

Judging from the *Beacon*, the town of Plymouth is on a boom

There are three things the CAROLIAINN despises—laziness, deception and dishonesty.

Mrs B. L. Tatem, of Bell's Island, Currituck county, died on the 10th inst, aged 73 years.

Our neighboring little city of Edenton is about to have Electric lights. How about it here?

In reply to several inquiries, we will state that the Supervisors of the Census will not be appointed until after the 1st of September.

The editor of the CAROLINIAN isn't so blind as not to discern the difference between professed friends and *real* one

——There was a young woman named Fleet who had bunions all over her feet When she heard the glad news of well fittin shoes, she tumbled right off of her seat. Shoes for all at Moses Weisel's

A call has been issued for the Seventh Annual Convention of the Womans' Christ'n Temperance Union of this State, to be held at Ashevilla on July 24, 25 and 26. The local Unions are requested to send delegates.

LOCAL MENTION

The doctors report comparatively little sickness.—The Mayor and the Constable are both away, but the affairs of the town go on all the same. —Martin street has become one of our thoroughfares. A good board sidewalk from Lawrence street to the bridge is very much needed.—Mr. J. B. Flora is about to erect a large iron-front brick building on the lot at the foot of Main street recently purchased. He is one of our most enterprising business men.—W. A. Holmes has accepted the clerkship of the Eastern Carolina Dispatch Line here made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Potter.—Miss Selina Cobb and sister, of Norfolk, are visiting their relatives here.—Our lawyers are complaining that there is very little doing in their line.—If you want corn that *is* corn, Mr Geo. D. Pool can supply you. The samples he left us the other day surpassed anything we have seen.—The Open Air Entertainment at the Colored Pic Nic Grove last week was a success.—The colored Corner Stone Baptist Church, on South Martin street, will be dedicated on the 4th of August.—Godfrey's Tub and Buckett Factory is using a large quantity of juniper timber.—The "soldier boys" are expected home on Friday. —Miss Sawyer is visiting her sister Mrs L. F. Zeigler at Edenton.—The nights now are delightful for sleep and rest.—Miss Ella V. John and Miss Mira L. Cobb have returned from Nag's Head.—Judge Albertson is in Washington City.—Contractor Commander is pushing the work on the new Baptist Church.—Mrs Gale, of Norfolk, who has been visiting Mrs Cobb, returned home yesterday.—Mrs John F. Overman has been seriously ill, we are glad to learn that she is now better.—The services at the Episcopal Church were conducted on Sunday morning and evening by Rev. Mr. Mellichampe of South Mills.—Rev. E. P. Wilson, of the Methodist Church, left on Monday to spend a few weeks at Hampton, Va.—Prof. Joyner will deliver an educational lecture at the Court House to-morrow night.

Dr. John F. Miller, Superintendent of the Eastern North Carolina Insane Asylum reports that about one half of the corn crop on the Asylum lands has been destroyed by the freshet in Little River,

Don't suffer from weakness and debility. Don't let gloom and despondency take possession of the human heart. Get health, get strength, get the power of endurance from using B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm.)

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind. testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Hare druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my twenty years' experience is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at A. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

The Murfreesboro District Conference convenes at Lewiston July 24 to the 28.

The following officers for the North Carolina Teachers Assembly have been elected for the coming year: Henry Lewis Smith, President; F. R. Hobgood, First Vice President; Eugene G. Harrell, Secretary; Hugh Morson Treasurer.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my medicine FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and postoffice address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C. 181 Pearl St., New York.

Murfreesboro District Conference.

The conference will convene at Lewiston, Bertie county N. C., on Wednesday, July 24 and continue until the 28.

The Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company will give special rates to members of the conference. Tickets will be on sale at the stations on the 24 and 25 of July.

The Nofolk Southern railroad will take members from any station on the road within the bounds of our district to Plymouth N. C., and return for one first-class fare provided said members have certificate showing attendance.

The railroad train from Austin to Lewiston will be run on the morning of the 24 of July and the evening of the last day for the benefit of members. Fare fifty cents each way.

A Good Idea.

New York Herald.

Yellow shoes and flannel shirts? Why not? Every man who is not a hypocrite must confess to yearnings after these articles of comfort.

Let us have a campaign of common sense in wearing apparel.

Hurrah for the dirtless shoe and the witless shirt!

A Strong Rallying Cry.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"Get together" is the present rallying cry of the Democrats. Let somebody call out "What'll you take?" and see how rapidly they will concentrate.

The Commissioner of Agriculture will thank the Secretary of every Farmers Club in the State to send him the name and address of its Secretary from time to time he desires to send to them valuable matters and to be in close correspondence with them at all times. Address him at Raleigh.

July the 4th was a sad day for the Centre Methodist church near Hilldale. There were four corpses in the church at one time for burial the farthest dying six miles from there the other within two miles.

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY, & Co., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, wholesale druggist, Toledo, O.; Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.; E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier, Toledo Nat'l Bank, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists

HINT FOR YOUNG WRITERS.

Binghamton Republican,

Young writers should remember that articles for newspapers are not like trees. It does not kill to cut them down. On the contrary many articles are killed by lazy editors because it is too much trouble to cut them down.

WANTED HIM TO HASTEN.

Time.

"And, now," said the lecturer, "let us hear what Darwin has to say on this subject."

And a man in the back of the hall, noting a short pause in the speaker's remarks, shouted "If Mr. Darwin is in the hall, will he please rise and say so?"

Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters*. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

One thousand people were in attendance at the Teachers' Assembly at Morehead City.

The Farmers' Alliance will establish a pine-straw bagging factory at Riverdail Pamlico county.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillbains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

To Nag's Head!

The fast-sailing Yacht THOMAS G. HUNT, Capt. F. M. Gard, makes regular trips to Nag's Head, as follows: Leaves Elizabeth City at 8 o'clock A. M., on every Monday, Wednesday and Friday; and leaves Nag's Head at 8 o'clock A. M., on every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Fare $1.

Teachers, Attention!

—0—

The County Institute for the white teachers of Pasquotank county will convene

Monday, July 15.

All teachers requested by law to attend the whole session of one week. Examinations will be held at the close of the session in order to give teachers an opportunity to apply for certificates good for three years. Colored teachers may also apply for this examination. Prof. J. Y. Joyner has been appointed conductor of this Institute.

S. L. SHEEP, County Supt.

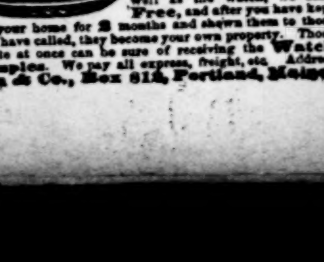
June 12-4t

The Great Flood!

—Attention, Agents!—

—0—

The first in the field. A complete history of this terrible calamity at Johnstown has just been issued 300 pages, 25 full-page illustrations, handsomely bound in cloth, price $1.00. Discount to agents; 50 per cent. Send 25 cents for Prospectus Book and package of circulars, and go to work. Address J. S OGILVIE Publisher 57 Rose Street, New York.



FREE. $85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for $100, until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powder. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

—*TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.*—

NORFOLK & SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE TAKES EFECT MARCH 11, 1889

Mail and Express (Southbound), daily, except sundays, leaves Elizabeth City at 12:25 P. M, Northbound, leaves at 3:25 P. M.

The Accommodation daily except Saturdays and Sundays, leaves at 5:00 A. M. and returning, arrives at 8:25 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal Stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion Steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville,

M. K. KING, General Manager

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPA'CH.

FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City,

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk Southern Rail road; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R. President street station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R. Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

T. SELBY HARNEY, Agent.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dismal Swamp Canal Co.

The Dismal Swamp Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water, light-built vessels to be 5 ft.

The Locks will admit vessels 90 feet and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains may be over 14 feet wide; secured with bands, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

HENRY ROBERTS, Superinten't,

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS.

C. C. POOL,

Attorney & Counselor-at-Law

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Collections promptly made. Special attention given to real estate.

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J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,

Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law

Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State

DR. R. H. M'CINTOSH.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Office on South Road Street,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

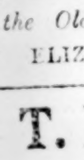
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Offers his services in all dranches Cf Dentistry. Office in the Kramer Block on Main near Water street.

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JEWELER.

East Main Street,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

GEO. W. BELL,

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

T. P. WHITE,



BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2d door North of Poindexter street Bridge, near the Depot.

Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

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THE ONLY ABSOLUTELY INDELIBLE INK

"THE ETHIOPIAN CAN NOT CHANGE HIS SKIN NOR THE LEOPARD HIS SPOTS."

MARKING DONE WITH this INK is EQUALLY UNCHANGEABLE.

CAN NOT BE REMOVED WITHOUT DESTROYING THE FABRIC. NO HOT IRON OR SUNLIGHT REQUIRED. CAN BE USED WITH STAMP OR PEN.

RETAIL PRICE, 25c.

—ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF—

Writing and Copying Inks, Sealing Wax, Mucilage, Wafers, Etc.

THADDEUS DAVIDS CO.,

127-129 William Street, NEW YORK CITY.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

A CRITICAL COMPARISON

Would serve to throw more light upon our HONEST METHODS of doing business, and bring us our full share of JUST APPRECIATION. We ask for comparisons, we like them. Compare our Stock with any other in the City and you'll find

We leave them all Behind!

— WE HAVE A STOCK OF —

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, STOVES, CROCKERY, TINWARE, ROPES, TWINE, ETC, ETC.

Which for Quality, Quantity and Low Prices

BEAT THE WORLD!

ROBINSON & CO.

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

YOUR ATTENTION IS ASKED TO A FEW FACTS.

Do you know that FLORA carried the largest Stock of GROCERIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF, PAINTS AND OILS in the City? This is true beyond doubt. He goes wherever these goods can be had to best advantage, and takes them in such lots as to get them at the lowest possible prices, paying Cash.

Is it any wonder that FLORA'S trade has grown larger and larger until he sells more of these goods than any House in the City? Throngs are to be seen at almost any time during business hour at this popular Store, all of whom are so well pleased that they they deem it a pleasure to buy of him when in want.

But it is not necessary to come to the store to enjoy this privilege. You can order whatever you want, and know that you are paying the very lowest price for what you get.

Tobacco and Snuff at Factory Prices. Agent for Dupont's Powder.

TO BE HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS, BUY YOUR GOODS OF

J. B. FLORA.

Southwest Corner Main and Water Streets,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Fowler & Co.,

HAVE THEIR SPRING

STOCK IN.

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FURNITURE, WARES AND STATIONERY

I keep constantly on hand a large and full assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNISHING GOODS, TIN WARE, WOODEN WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, QUEENS, PORCELAIN & FRENCH DECORATED WARE, CHANDELIERS, GLASS WARE, WALL PAPER, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, GLASS, ETC, ETC.

Also BIBLES, SCHOOL BOOKS, POETS AND NOVELS at New York Prices. Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low. If you want to save money call and see me.

F. W. MELICK,

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

SANITARY CLOTHING.

HEALTH WAISTS, UNION UNDERGARMENTS, SKIRT SUSPENDERS, STOCKING SUPPORTERS.

All sorts of Healthful Garments, at reasonable prices.

Family Electric Batteries, Syringes, Water Bags, and Invalids' Supplies of every description.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

SANITARY SUPPLY CO.,

BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

HEALTH FOODS

For all classes of invalids. Genuine in quality, and reasonable in price

SEND FOR DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR.

SANITARY FOOD FOR INFANTS.

Prevents and cures Cholera Infantum. The cheapest and the best in the market.

SANITARIUM FOOD CO.,

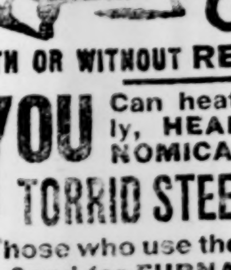
BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

FREE FOR MEN ONLY! VIGOROUS HEALTH

SEMINAL PASTILLES.

HARRIS REMEDY CO., MFG CHEMISTS, 306 N. Tenth Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

RUPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance. Ask for Terms.



PERFECTION -IN- BAKING, COOKING and ROASTING.

—BY THE USE OF THE FAMOUS—

OTHELLO RANGE,

WITH OR WITHOUT RESERVOIR, HIGH SHELF OR WATER-BACK.

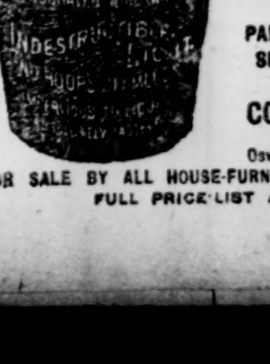
YOU Can heat your house thoroughly, HEALTHFULLY and ECONOMICALLY with the

TORRID STEEL DRUM FURNACE.



Those who use the TORRID always praise it. Send for FURNACE BOOK giving heating capacity and prices.

ORR PAINTER & CO., READING, PA.



INDURATED FIBRE WARE!

ABSOLUTELY ONE PIECE!

HAS NO HOOPS!

NEITHER PAINTED OR VARNISHED!

NOT AFFECTED BY HOT WATER!

HAS APPEARANCE OF POLISHED MAHOGANY.

PAILS, TUBS, BASINS, PANS, KEELERS; SPITTOONS, SLOP-JARS, WATER-COOLERS, REFRIGERATORS, &c., &c.

LARGE VARIETY OF GOODS.

CORDLEY & HAYES, New York, Sole Agents.

Factories: Portland, Me., Peterboro, N. H., Watertown, Mass., Oswego, N. Y., Lockport, N. Y., Cleveland, Ohio, Winona, Minn.

FOR SALE BY ALL HOUSE-FURNISHING, HARDWARE, GROCERY AND CROCKERY DEALERS.

FULL PRICE LIST AND CATALOGUE FREE ON APPLICATION

ANOTHER FLOOD.

Johnstown, Aiken and Fonda, N. Y., Swept by a Deluge.

Two Dams Burst With Fatal and Destructive Results.

A dispatch from Troy, N. Y., says: Reports have reached here that three big dams were washed away near Johnstown, N. Y., and that a crowd of people on a bridge was carried away and several people were drowned. All the wires were down at the time of writing, and it was impossible to communicate with Johnstown.

A telephone from Johnstown said the town was in total darkness, and nine bridges were washed away. The electric light plant has been washed away; also the three skin mills at Gloversville. One body had been recovered.

The water was three feet deep in the town of Fonda.

At midnight the rain was falling in torrents and the noise of the rising waters could be heard through the dense blackness of the night. The flood was assuming a terrible aspect, and mills and sheds were being swept away in the mad sweep of waters.

Information received at Saratoga, N. Y., by telephone from Amsterdam stated that a big washout at Aiken, three miles from there, had torn up 400 feet of track and cut off all communication west of there. It was rumored that the washout was caused by the breaking of the dam at Johnstown, N. Y., and many casualties were advanced as possibilities. Whether the accident was caused by the breaking of the dam or a cloudburst was not known.

Amsterdam reports an exceedingly heavy rain-storm in that section just before communication was cut off. Aiken is on the New York Central, and a creek which furnishes water power to several mills runs through the place.

The accident is one of the most serious character, involving extensive losses. A more serious character was given to the story by indefinite rumors that there had been considerable loss of life.

News from Schenectady, N. Y., says a cloudburst washed away the Central Railroad tracks about five miles west of Amsterdam. The wreck of the freight train, which blocked all four tracks in the morning, had just been cleared and delayed trains began to move when some of them were caught in the deluge. A second blockade occurred more serious than the first.

The Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad loses seven or eight bridges. There was another bridge crossing the creek, and on it, viewing the flood, were thirty or forty people. The torrent with increased power tore the bridge from its foundations, hurling them into the flood. It was impossible to ascertain the number saved, but it was believed that many perished.

At Fonda the Central Hudson Railroad bridge was carried away almost bodily, taking with it the telegraph wire.

Additional Particulars.

By a strange coincidence, at a town of the same name, under almost the same circumstances, the wild scenes of the flood of the Conemaugh have been repeated.

Another mud dam has given away; another resevoir has broken loose, and another flood has been sent down a valley.

Even the stone arch bridge reappears and plays a fatal part in this second Johnstown story.

Nothing is lacking in the similitude, except the loss of life and property.

The clouds came together near Johnstown, N. Y., at five o'clock in the afternoon. As they met they burst and an ocean of water fell from them. Added to the waters from the dams it had washed away, it sent a flood through the little valley of the Cayadutta. Seventy-five persons were washed away; eight persons were killed; an immense amount of property was destroyed; all railroad traffic was suspended. The names of the victims follow. Albert L. Coakley, aged forty-eight, glove-maker; Charles Freer, aged sixty, a well known resident; Willie Myers, aged sixteen, employed at glove-making; L. R. D. Simmons, aged forty-five, paint and hardware merchant. Stedwell L. Bert, aged fifteen, employed in Artizians' glove factory. Unknown man found in stream at Fonda. Unidentified woman and child.

The two clouds were seen at 5 o'clock to circle around each other for a few minutes and then sweep together with a deafening crash of thunder. The place where they met is a half barren knoll, three miles and a half northeast of Johnstown. Persons who were watching the phenomenon say it was like a dam burst in the sky or as though the bottom had fallen out of an aerial reservoir.

The water came down not in drops or sheets, but fell in a mass, like a solid body. At the knoll it drove trees into the earth, flattened out a space clear of vegetation and left other evidences of a great pressure.

Then people began to come out of their houses and to wonder at the storm and at the size of the little creek, which runs through the town, supplying water power to a number of mills and factories. They gathered on the bridges at Main, Market and Perry streets, and watched the flood.

The lumber floated down and carried away the Bridge street bridge, and then all this floated down and carried off the big two-tracked iron railroad bridge below. The single-track bridge went next. There was tremendous excitement when the bridges went down. Then Levi Stephenson's lumber yard and planing mill was cleared out. Sashes and blinds, boards and scantlings were swept away.

There was a big crowd on the Perry street bridge. This bridge is of stone, a single arch of stone, and is twenty feet long and fifteen feet wide. The people were all over the bridge, but most of them were crowded against the stone coping on the eastern side looking intently at the torrent. There were about forty persons on the bridge. Suddenly there was a cry, and it was seen that Simon Schrieber's big three-story skin mill on the southern side of the bridge was tottering. The mill did not fall, but its foundations were loosened. The same impulse that shook the mill smashed Stewart's leather mill near by, and a mass of timbers and trees went smashing against the Perry street bridge. The eastern side was jammed in, its coping taken off, and the water swept clear across the bridge. All this happened a little after 8 o'clock. Half the people on the bridge were thrown into the angry stream. There were awful cries in the dark of "For God's sake help me." "I am drowning." "Save me." Happily, nearly all were saved.

The losses by the destruction of mill property, factories, bridges, dams and other structures in and around Johnstown is roughly estimated at half a million dollars, and it is believed that the property destroyed in other sections within the flooded area will cost as much more in being restored.

The loss Johnstown herself will sustain by the flood will amount, perhaps, to $100,000.

THE JOHNSTOWN CALAMITY

A Jury Says the Fishing Club is Responsible for the Disaster.

Coroner Evans, of Cambria City, Penn. has found the members of the South Fork Fishing Club responsible for the loss of life and destruction of property occasioned by the bursting of the dam at Conemaugh Lake. At the conclusion of the testimony the jury deliberated for about a half hour, and then found a verdict against the millionaire members of the club. The following is the verdict:

We, the undersigned, the jury empannelled to investigate the cause of the death of Ellen Hile on May 31, after hearing the testimony, find that Ellen Hile came to her death by drowning; that the drowning was caused by the breaking of the South Fork dam. We further find, from the testimony and what we saw on the ground, that there was not sufficient waste weir, nor was the dam constructed sufficiently strong nor of the proper material to withstay the overflow; and hence we find that the owners of said dam were culpable in not making it as secure as it should have been, especially in view of the fact that a population of many thousands were in the valley below; and we hold that the owners are responsible for the fearful loss of life and property resulting from the breaking of the dam.

John Coho, Abraham Ferner, H. B. Blair, John H. Devine, John A. Messinger, W. Cohick.

HE FACED THE TRAIN.

The Dramatic Suicide of an Insane Man in New Jersey.

Emil Bronlon, a Frenchman who had been in this country but eight months, committed suicide in Newark, N. J., while temporarily insane. As one of the fast trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, bound for Long Branch, approached the Chestnut street crossing Bronlon crept under the guard gates and sprang upon the track, and folding his arms across his breast faced the rapidly approaching engine. He was thrown a long distance to one side by the engine and his skull badly crushed. He died within a few minutes.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

Oscar Pearsall, aged thirty-eight years, killed himself over the coffin of his mother, Hannah, who had just died, aged ninety years, at Williamsburg, N. Y.

Johnstown, Penn., was again threatened with disaster by the Conemaugh River and mountain torrents. Heavy storms and floods created much damage and consternation, and many narrow escapes from drowning were reported.

At the celebration of the Fourth of July in Woodstock, Conn., addresses were made by President Harrison, Congressman Reed, Senator Hiscock, Secretaries Noble and Tracy, General Hawley and others.

The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor has issued an appeal to organized labor in aid of the 9000 striking miners in Illinois and Indiana.

Frank Hoyt, paying-teller of the First National Bank, of Hoboken, N. J., has been arrested for embezzling $18,000 of the bank's funds. He lost the money in Wall street.

George H. Watrous, ex-President of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, died suddenly at New Haven, Conn., of Bright's disease, in his sixty-first year.

The Cornell (N. Y.) crew won the Childs Cup from the University of Pennsylvania eight at Philadelphia in the fastest time ever rowed—one mile and a half in six minutes and forty seconds.

All the mines on the Monongahela River in Pennsylvania are idle, the men refusing to accept a reduction of wages. Five thousand miners are affected.

Edgar Gilmore, aged twenty, and Andrew Larsen, aged eight, were both drowned while bathing in the creek at Williamsport, Penn.

Thomas Ewing Sherman, a son of General W. T. Sherman, has been ordained in Philadelphia a priest of the Catholic Church. The ceremony was performed by Archbishop Ryan.

A railway collision occurred seven miles east of Jamestown, N. Y. Charles Eisman of Meadville, engineer of a freight, and Louis Wentz of Salamanca, baggage master of a passenger train, were instantly killed. V. H. Derby, and Arthur Sexton had their legs broken.

Four incendiary fires took place in Danbury, Conn.

Dr. Waters, who committed suicide in New York city, left a long, circumstantial and scientific account of his sensations during the two days he tried to kill himself with morphine and cocaine.

While Charles W. Carrath, a well-known druggist of Malden, Mass., and F. H. Miller, a prominent Boston broker, were out shooting, Carrath's rifle was accidentally discharged, the ball entering Miller's neck, and killing him instantly.

Three men, each of whom had slain a woman, were sentenced in the Court of General Sessions in New York city to be executed on the gallows. They were John Lewis (colored), James Nolan and Patrick Packenham. The sentence was fixed for Friday August 23. They will be hanged together.

Richard Lewis, a plasterer, fatally shot Mrs. Elmira Moseby and her sister, Emeline Myers, in Pittsburg, and then committed suicide. The cause of the tragedy was unknown. The parties were all colored.

Rhode Island's Legislature met in extra session to enact a law to regulate the liquor traffic. Several license bills were introduced.

Elenon H. Williams, of Colbrook, N. H., has left for parts unknown, leaving debts to neighbors and friends amounting to $80,000. Some of the securities left behind were thought to have forged signatures.

South and West.

In Kemper County, La., Gaston Jones, colored, shot and killed his wife and then blew his own brains out.

Two colored men, Richard Fleming and Richard Johnson, were hanged at Quitman, Miss., for murder.

Georgia's new million dollar Capitol was formally presented by the Capitol Commission to the State. Captain F. P. Howell spoke for the Commission, and Governor Gordon received the Capitol on behalf of the State.

Governor Ross, of Texas, also issued a proclamation against the fight between Sullivan and Kilrain taking place in his State.

John N. Maginnis, a leading business man of New Orleans, and son-in-law of the notorious William M. Tweed, was killed by lightning in his bath house at Ocean Springs, La.

Sheriff G. E. Branson and one of his deputies, Bd. Funk, were killed at Kerbyville, Mo., by Bill and Jim Miles, the two brothers now under indictment for the murder of the Bald Knobber chief at Forsyth.

A convention was held at Chipley, Fla., to consider the proposition of annexing West Florida to the State of Alabama. There were about two thousand people present.

David G. Colson, of Bell County, was nominated for State Treasurer by the Kentucky Republican Convention in place of John Barrett, who declined to run. Although but twenty-seven years old he is a member of the Legislature, and has been in public life seven years.

John Fover, aged seventy, and his nine-year-old granddaughter, Carrie, were killed while driving across the railroad track at Akron, Ohio.

Heil D. Miller, cashier of the Malta National Bank, of Malta, Ohio, has fled, and his accounts were reported $32,000 short.

Lyman R. Williams, for nearly thirty years Superintendent of Schools in Steuben County, Indiana, committed suicide by hanging. Mr. Williams served two terms as County Treasurer.

The bones, representing all that remains of what it is supposed were fourteen or fifteen persons killed and burned to death in the late wreck on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, near Thaxton's, Va., have been buried in two coffins in the City Cemetery of Roanoke, Va.

Lewis Charriere, who for years has been the agent of the American Express Company at Houghton, Mich., has left for parts unknown. His defalcation is estimated at from $25,000 to $50,000.

Henry Hage, was robbed by highwaymen in Minneapolis, Minn., of $20,000.

Kronsberg, Minn., a little village of fifty people, was visited by a windstorm and every house in the village was more or less injured. Two children were killed.

Mrs. Jessie Hunter was shot and killed by a saloon-keeper named Parks at Agnew's, four miles from San Francisco, Cal. Parks then shot himself in the breast and died from the wound.

Two men were killed in Chicago by the falling of a trestle in the power house of the Milwaukee Avenue Cable Railway.

General William A. Pile, noted in Methodist annals as "the fighting parson," died a few days ago at Monrovia, Cal., aged sixty years. He was a minister in St. Louis when the Civil War broke out, and enlisted and became Major-General in the volunteer service. He was subsequently a member of Congress from Missouri and Governor of New Mexico.

Notwithstanding the proclamation of Governor Lowery, Sullivan and Kilrain engaged in a brutal prize-fight for the "championship" near Richburg, Miss., the former winning in seventy-five rounds. More than 5000 people paid $10 and $15 to see the law violated.

Herbert A. Pearson, a millionaire mine owner from Bonanza City, Idaho, was drowned while bathing in the lake at Chicago.

Fire in the business part of Carson, Iowa, destroyed an entire block, with the exception of one building. Loss $65,000.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the battle of Monocacy was celebrated on the battle-field, three miles from Frederick, Md. Ex-soldiers were present from Vermont, Ohio, Kansas, Illinois, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

Washington.

The present indebtedness of the District of Columbia is $20,142,050, a decrease of $1,964,600 since July, 1888.

Mrs. Harrison, her father, Dr. Scott, and the two grandchildren left Washington, for Deer Park, Md., via the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, where they will spend the summer.

J. B. Agnew, of Pennsylvania, has declined the office of Superintendent of the Dead Letter Office.

Four new States were added to the Union on the Fourth of July—Washington, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana—and in recognition of their coming four new stars were added to the flag of the nation. The national ensign, therefore, now consists of forty-two stars and thirteen stripes.

Warner P. Sutton, Consul-General at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, has been appointed by Mr. Blaine Secretary of the Congress of the American Republics to be held in Washington.

The Secretary of the Interior has accepted the resignation of the Hon. Joseph E. Johnston, Commissioner of Railroads, and ten days' leave of absence has been granted him.

Secretary Windom has abandoned the practice of holding public receptions, and will hereafter receive visitors by card only.

Captain Mullen has been relieved of the command of the United States man-of-war Nipsic by Admiral Kimberly because he failed to take that vessel to Auckland, New Zealand; the captain feared that the vessel could not withstand the voyage.

The train bearing President Harrison and his party arrived at Washington on schedule time. The trip from New York was made without incident. On arriving in the city the President immediately drove to the Executive Mansion.

First Assistant Postmaster-General Clarkson returned to Washington after an absence of about ten days, the greater portion of which was spent in a yachting cruise in Chesapeake Bay.

Secretary Rusk took an important step in the work of reorganization of the Department of Agriculture. He established a new division charged with the important duty of editing the reports and bulletins issued by the other divisions.

The President has appointed Thomas V. Cooper to be Collector of Customs for the District of Philadelphia, and Thomas H. Cavenaugh, of Olympia, Washington, to be Surveyor-General of Washington Territory, vice J. Cabell Breckinridge, removed.

President Harrison during the hot weather expects to spend about two days of each week at work in Washington and the remainder of the time in Deer Park, Md., with Mrs. Harrison. This will make it unnecessary to take any extended vacation, as has been the custom of previous Presidents.

There will be only weekly meetings of President Harrison's Cabinet during the heated term instead of bi-weekly meetings as heretofore, and Wednesday has been selected as the day of meeting.

Additional appointments by the President: Horace A. Taylor, of Wisconsin, Commissioner of Railroads; Thomas C. Mendenhall, of Indiana, Superintendent of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey; Henry W. Diederich, of Indiana, Consul of the United States at Leipsic.

Foreign.

The Massachusetts rifle team scored its third and fourth victories in England by defeating the London Rifle Brigade at Rainham, and the Sussex Volunteers at Brighton.

By the bursting of an ether retort Drs. Fricke and Boemerhave were fatally injured in Dr. Koenig's laboratory at Munster, Ireland.

Theodore Schmitt, the Dutch Consul at Hamburg, has failed, with liabilities amounting to $3,000,000.

Independence Day was celebrated in London, Paris and other European cities by Americans, and in many other foreign places by citizens and officials of the locality. President Carnot, of France, unveiled a replica of Bartholdi's statue of "Liberty" at Ile des Cygnes, Paris. Addresses were made by Minister Reid and M. Spuller.

A German ship has been sent to convey King Malietoa, of Samoa, back to Apia.

The English have removed the French flag from the house of Sultan Bountonkon at Grand Bassam, Upper Guinea, Africa. France claims a protectorate over the Sultan's territory.

The Government of Tripoli, North Africa, has issued a decree abolishing the slave trade.

The Massachusetts rifle team won its fifth successive victory in England, defeating the South London Club at Nunhead by forty-three points in the total.

The Bulgarian Government has concluded a loan of $5,000,000 with a New York bank.

The World's Sunday-school Convention in London adjourned after deciding to meet in America next year.

Two hundred people were made homeless by a fire in Wredenhagen, in the Duchy of Mecklenburg, Germany.

Hon. John Norquay, for nearly twenty years Premier of Manitoba, died suddenly at Winnipeg of heart disease, at the age of forty-eight.

Through the blunder of a switchman eight lives were lost in a collision on the railway near Roehrmoos, Germany. Eleven others were injured.

The Egyptians under Colonel Wodehouse have again defeated the Dervishes, 900 of whom were killed and 700 deserted or were taken prisoners.

The village of Ubbendorf, on the Weser River in Germany, has been destroyed by fire. The loss is enormous.

Sir Salar Jung, K. C. S. I., formerly Dewan or Prime Minister of Hyderabad, India, is dead.

Reports from Samoa announce that the natives have disbanded and peace is assured. A treaty of peace has been concluded between Mataafa and Tamasese, the rival aspirants for the Kingship.

Four thousand weavers at Jaegerndorf, Austria, have struck work.

A treaty has been signed between Japan and Germany at Berlin. It is said to be on the same lines as the treaty between the United States and Japan.

The Pope of Rome is in receipt of a petition signed by a number of bishops and others asking that Christopher Columbus be canonized on the anniversary of the discovery of America.

The Shah of Persia, while in Antwerp on his way to London, bought $750,000 worth of diamonds to distribute on his tour.

The French Chamber of Deputies has passed an act increasing the army to 3,000,000 men.

Prince Nicholas Dadiani, of Mingrelia, at one time a candidate for the Bulgarian throne, has just died in the Caucasus, aged about forty-two years.

A passenger train collided with a freight train near Ciulnita, Roumania. Fifteen persons were killed and many injured. The accident was due to the mistake of a switchman.

The river Indus, in India, has overflowed its banks, and the adjacent country is under ten feet of water. Forty persons were drowned at Larkhana.

LATER NEWS.

John Kelly, convicted of the murder of Eleanor O'Shea, near Geneva, N. Y., November 6, 1888, has been hanged at Canandaigua, N. Y.

S. L. M. Barlow, the distinguished New York corporation lawyer, dropped dead from heart failure at his home, "Elsinore" near Glen Cove, Long Island, N. Y.

Robert Redberry, aged eighteen years, and Willie Wise, aged seventeen years, were drowned while bathing at Alton, Ill. The father of young Wise met with a similar fate about a week ago.

The election of delegates to the Constitutional Convention of Wyoming resulted in the choice of thirty-six Republicans, sixteen Democrats and three Independents. The Convention will meet September 2. The desire for State government is general.

Gustave, John and Emil Plettig, of Chicago, were drowned at Kilbourn, Wis., while trying to run the dam in a rowboat.

Thomas J. Morgan, the new Commissioner of Indian Affairs, has appointed his wife as his Private Secretary at a salary of $1000 per annum, and Dr. Dorchester, Superintendent of Indian Schools, has secured the appointment of his wife as Special Indian Agent, at a compensation of $6 per day and expenses.

The President made the following additional appointments: To be Consuls of the United States: Emmons Clark, of New York, at Havre, France; Archibald J. Sampson, of Colorado, at Acapulco; Roswell G. Horr, of Michigan, at Valparaiso; James F. Hartigan, of the District of Columbia, for the port of Trieste and all other ports in the Austrian dominions.

The Egyptians have occupied Bimban, Egypt, in which vicinity the Dervishes are very aggressive. The Shaggiehs, who are friendly, killed thirty Dervishes in one engagement at Serra and eleven Dervish foragers were killed by the Egyptian pickets.

NEARLY WIPED OUT.

A Million-and-a-Quarter-Dollar Fire at Bakersfield, Cal.

During a recent afternoon fire broke out at Bakersfield, Cal., in the kitchen of N. E. Kelsey's house, in the same block as the Southern Hotel. In spite of all efforts it spread to the adjoining building also, of wood, and then to the Southern Hotel.

From there it spread rapidly, with the result that every business house in town is burned, beside about forty dwelling houses, involving a loss of $1,250,000. The insurance is $300,000.

The fire department could not begin to cope with the fire, it came so quickly, burned so fiercely and spread so rapidly. Thirteen blocks were wiped out. No hotel, restaurant or business house is left. As soon as the fire subsided measures were taken to feed the homeless. The fire came on so suddenly that there was no time to save stocks of merchandise. One hundred extra policemen have been detailed to guard the little that was saved.

Bakersfield is in the northern part of what is locally termed Southern California and has a population of 5000.

KILLED AT THE CROSSING.

A Horrible Accident by Which Four Lives Were Lost.

A terrible railroad accident occurred at the crossing near the Little Silver, N. J. station of the New York and Long Branch Railroad late in the afternoon, by which four persons were killed. The casualty was caused by a carriage being struck by a train of the Central Railroad of New Jersey.

The carriage contained the aged mother of Joseph A. Ward, a collar and shirt manufacturer of New York city; Mr. Keating, her son-in-law, a hat manufacturer of New York city; Elsie Keating, his little daughter, and Kate, the little girl's Irish nurse. The three adults were instantly killed and the child lived less than two hours.

The party were out riding on a pleasure trip. They reached the crossing just as a north bound Central Railroad train was drawing out of the station. After it passed Mr. Keating drove upon the track directly in front of the express train of the same line which leaves New York at 3:30 o'clock. This train runs through from Jersey City to Long Branch, stopping only at Red Bank. The train was running at the rate of forty miles an hour when it struck the carriage.

The engine hit the vehicle squarely, with terrific force, and hurled its occupants into the air. Mrs. Ward was rolled over and over by the pilot wheel of the engine for a distance of about eighty feet, the Irish nurse girl was carried about one hundred and ten feet and Mr. Keating about one hundred and forty feet. The child Elsie was hurled about thirty feet. The horse was torn to pieces and the carriage was smashed into kindling wood.

Mrs. Ward, Mr. Keating and the nurse girl were torn to pieces and parts of their bodies lay scattered along the side of the track. Blood and shreds of flesh covered the tracks and the cowcatcher of the locomotive. The child Elsie was still alive, but she was terribly cut and her breast was crushed in.

Mrs. Ward was about seventy years old. Mr. Keating was forty-seven years old and had a wife and several children. The last name of Kate, the Irish nurse girl, could not be ascertained. She was about twenty-five years of age.

FOURTEEN BLOCKS BURNED.

A Prosperous Town of Washington Almost Entirely Destroyed.

The prosperous and thrifty [illegible] burg, situated in the centre of [illegible] which but recently had a population of [illegible]000 inhabitants, is now but a smouldering mound of ruins and ashes.

It was [illegible] destroyed by a fire which started in J. S. Anthony's grocery. Being fanned by a brisk west wind the flames spread with wonderful rapidity and continued on their mad course until the entire business portion with the exception of the First National Bank and the Lynch Block had been swept away.

When this had been accomplished the fire spread among the residences in the southeastern part of the city.

The water supply was inadequate, and there being nothing but a hand engine with which to fight the flames fourteen blocks were destroyed before they could be checked. The loss cannot fall short of $2,000,000.

Among the principal buildings destroyed are the Stone Bank, Snipes & Co., the Ashler Hotel, the Oriental Hotel, the Masonic Temple, the Odd Fellows' Hall, the Geddes block, the Fish block, the Postoffice, the *Localizer* printing office, the Dexter stable and others. There were only four stores left. Not a restaurant, hotel or boarding house remained, and there were about one hundred and fifty people destitute.

MRS. JOHN TYLER DEAD.

Sudden Demise of the First Bride of the White House.

Mrs. Tyler, widow of President John Tyler, died suddenly in Richmond, Va., the other afternoon, at the Exchange Hotel.

Mrs. Tyler went there from Williamsburg, where she had been visiting her son, Lyon G. Tyler, President of William and Mary College. She gave orders at the hotel to be awakened at a certain hour in the morning, as she wished to visit her other son, Hon. Gardiner G. Taylor, at Sherwood Forest, Charles City County, and when called she said that she was too unwell to leave. Instead of improving she grew worse, and at 11 o'clock next day was taken with a congestive chill, and died at 5:15 in the evening.

Mrs. Tyler was about seventy years of age, and married President Tyler in the White House at Washington. She was a Miss Gardiner of New York. Mrs. Tyler was a Roman Catholic in religion. She had a pension of $5000 a year from the United States Government.

Mrs. Tyler leaves four children—Lyon G. Tyler, President of William and Mary College, Virginia; Gardiner G. Tyler, who lives in Charles City County, Virginia; Dr. Lacklan Tyler, of Washington city, and Mrs. William Ellis, of Montgomery County, Va.

A $1,500,000 MEMORIAL.

Proposed Commemoration of Great Events in Our Country's History.

The Governors of the thirteen original States, who were in Philadelphia in September, 1887, during the time of the Constitutional centennial celebration, have held several conferences for the purpose of devising some plan to commemorate in a fitting manner the great events in the history of the United States in the first one hundred years of American independence.

It was agreed that the best method would be to secure from Congress a return of the sum of $1,500,000 loaned by the Government to the Centennial Commission in 1876 and afterward returnd by that body to the Treasury, the money to be used for the erection of a memorial in Fairmont Park, Philadelphia.

A meeting presided over by Governor Beaver was held on the Fourth in Independence Hall, where Congress first assembled, at which representatives of the thirteen original States were present. A committee was instructed to prepare a bill, to be presented to Congress at its next session, asking that the $1,500.000 be given back to be used for the purpose indicated above.

STOLE A RIDE TO DEATH.

Tramps Killed on a Freight Train in Pennsylvania.

A fatal accident occurred early in the morning on the Pennsylvania Road, seventeen miles from Pittsburgh.

The freight train going east broke an axle, piling thirteen cars in a mass of wreckage. One car was loaded with whisky, which ignited, and the flames spread rapidly. Fire engines were sent to the scene, but efforts to put out the flames were unavailing. The engine is a total wreck, and lies by the side of the track. The train crew all escaped, but about fifteen or more tramps were pinned in the wreck. Eight men were known to have been locked in a car which was burned to ashes. A tramp who escaped said there were twenty-five people at least on the train. Of these but ten or twelve escaped. One of the injured, James Gallagher, died while being taken to the West Pennsylvania Hospital. He is from Philadelphia. One man, unknown, was taken from the wreck dead. A colored man, name unknown, died on the way to the hospital. The fourth victim was a boy, unknown.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The will of Allen Thorndike Rice was filed for probate; it gives a controling interest in the *North American Review* to Lloyd S. Bryce.

The only casual indications that Mr. Gladstone has entered his eightieth year are an increasing deafness and a slight huskiness in his voice.

Simon Cameron once remarked to a friend: "Yes," he said, "my son Don had many advantages, but I had one that overbalanced them all—poverty."

Sir Conrad Reeves, the Chief Justice of Barbadoes, is of slave descent on his mother's side, and is the first mulatto who has received the honor of Knighthood.

Ex-President Cleveland has been spending a few days with his wife at Marion, Mass., and has found time to enjoy a fishing trip on the Long Island coast.

Senator Don Cameron will not be a candidate for re-election to the United States Senate next year, and with the end of his present term he will retire from politics.

General Sheridan's estate included much non-productive property, which has been a drain upon his widow's reduced revenues. The Government pension of $2500 a year is about the largest single item of income.

George Lewis, the celebrated English criminal lawyer, has charge of two libel suits brought by Mrs. Mackay, wife of the "Bonanza" King, against two London papers for $25,000 each for saying that her mother was a washerwoman.

GREAT RIOT IN DULUTH.

Several Strikers Killed and Sixteen Policemen Wounded.

A deadly combat occurred at Duluth, Minn., between the police and 1500 strikers who had been out of work for a week.

A number of laborers employed by the gas and water companies were at work in a trench at Seventeenth avenue and Michigan street, under police protection, when the mob of 25,000 men charged upon them. The police made their wards lay down in the trench, and the little band of thirty bluecoats, led by Captain McLaughlin, charged on the rioters. They were halted by a shower of missiles, and several of the policemen were knocked down only to rise again.

Drawing their revolvers the police advanced steadily, when one of the ringleaders of the rioters fired his revolver. This was followed by a volley from the strikers and then the police opened fire. Shotguns, Winchesters, revolvers, all added to the list of dead and wounded. The mob fell back from the open street and took up a sheltered position behind buildings and kept up their fusillade.

Governor Merriam had placed the militia at the call of Mayor Sutphin, and the danger signal was agreed upon. Suddenly the deep toned whistle of Elevator E sounded the fire alarm (the agreed signal), and thirty minutes later Company K dashed on the double quick down the streets.

Just before the soldiers arrived the Fire Department was on hand and coupled several lines of hose on the hydrants ready to turn the water on the mob. The military and police cleared the streets and the first battle was over.

One man, George Costin, was killed, but the death of two other wounded persons was expected; the number of wounded was estimated at twenty-five.

Plate-glass window are perforated, signs chipped, and plastering riddled. Two hatsful of empty thirty-eight-calibre shells were picked up in front of one building where one gang of strikers stood, and a low estimate places the number of shots fired at 4000. The first shot was heard at 4:20 P. M. and the last at 5:20. The police force suffered more severely than was at first supposed, and at least sixteen policemen were hit by bullets.

ANNIHILATED HIS FAMILY.

A Religious Maniac Murders Three Persons and Himself.

R. D. Johnson, a well-to-do respectable citizen about fifty years of age, living about four miles northeast of Palouse City, Washington, killed his wife and his son, about fourteen years old, and fatally shot his seven-year-old daughter. He then killed himself, leaving a note stating that he did not want to live in this sinful world and could not leave it without his family. He added that he first gave them strychnine, but could not bear the sight of their agonies, so he killed them with a revolver. The bodies were not discovered until next morning. The crime was supposed to be due to temporary insanity over religion.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

The grass crop is heavy.

The Boulangists are again on top.

Italy has already five lady doctors.

The Norwegian Ministry have resigned.

New industrial centres are springing up.

Baltimore will soon have rapid transit.

Michigan has decided to try local option.

Dade County, Fla., has but two churches.

Iceland has six newspapers and periodicals.

The women of Boston have two dozen clubs.

There are 60,000 lawyers in the United States.

Tourist travel to Alaska is increasing yearly.

Mexico has a population of about 11,000,000.

The Flat-Head Indians are reported on the war-path.

Russia makes a strong bid for Servia's friendship.

The State debt of Ohio has been doubled in four years.

Of General Sheridan's book 60,000 copies have been sold.

Four new comets have been discovered by the astronomers.

Chicago has succeeded in annexing her outlying suburbs.

There are 170,000 Mormons and 40.000 non-Mormons in Utah.

There are now more than 33,000 telephone subscribers in Germany.

The price of sugar has gone up between thirty and forty per cent.

The enlargement of the Massachusetts State House will cost $2,500,000.

The Chinese Government proposes to begin the construction of railroads.

The wheat crop of Russia is about one-third winter and two-thirds spring.

Hamilton County, Ohio, casts one-tenth of the Republican vote of the State.

The Michigan Legislature has made the retail liquor license $500 per annum.

Local exhibitors at the Paris Exposition say the American display is a failure.

The Paris Exhibition, with its grounds and annexes, can just hold 400,000 persons.

Tammany celebrated its 100th anniversary on the Fourth of July in New York city.

Artificial ice in the Southern cities is cheaper than the natural article up North.

The wheat crop of the United States is estimated this year at 500,000,000 bushels.

The greatest needs of the people of Johnstown, Penn., just now are lumber and carpenters.

Nine-tenths of the large summer hotels are provisioned entire from the city markets.

An English syndicate has been formed to purchase grain elevators throughout the United States.

There are now in the Pension Office, awaiting examination, 100,000 applications for increase of pensions.

The great sheep-raiser, Mr. Mitchell, of Elko, Nev., will have a wool-clip of 50,000 pounds this season.

The damage to the lines of the Pennsylvania Railway by the recent floods is estimated at $1,750,000.

Armenia is in a state of internal upheaval, and pillaging, plunder, murders and every kind of atrocity are being perpetrated there at present.

In the Hudson valley of New York State the berry and peach crop is one of the largest ever known. The grape crop is also phenonenally large.

The Vassar brewery, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., out of the profits of which Vassar College was founded, has been purchased by an English syndicate.

THE MARKETS.

28 NEW YORK.

Beeves	3 57½	@	4 60
Milch Cows, com. to good	30 00	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime	2 50	@	5 50
Sheep	4 30	@	5 50
Lambs	6 50	@	7 25
Hogs—Live	4 60	@	5 00
Dressed	6½	@	8
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 50	@	4 70
Patents	5 00	@	6 25
Wheat—No. 2 Red	89½	@	90
Rye—State	53	@	54
Barley—Two-rowed State	85	@	87
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	42½	@	43¾
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	38
Mixed Western	26	@	30
Hay—No. 1	80	@	90
Straw—Long Rye	60	@	70
Lard—City Steam	—	@	6.20c
Butter—Elgin Creamery	—	@	17
Dairy, fair to good	14	@	16
West. Im. Creamery	12	@	14½
Factory	9½	@	13
Cheese—State Factory	7	@	8¾
Skims—Light	7½	@	9
Western	—	@	7½
Eggs—State and Penn	—	@	16
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	3 00	@	30
Sheep—Medium to Good	4 25	@	4 60
Lambs—Fair to Good	4 50	@	5 50
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 60	@	4 75
Flour—Family	5 00	@	5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Northern	—	@	84
Corn—No. 3, Yellow	39⅜	@	39¾
Oats—No. 2, White	—	@	32½
Barley—No. 1 Canada	—	@	74
BOSTON.			
Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	5 70	@	6 25
Corn—Steamer Yellow	44	@	47
Oats—No. 2 White	32	@	40
Rye—State	65	@	70
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight	5¾	@	6¼
Sheep—Live weight	4½	@	4¾
Lambs	7	@	7½
Hogs—Northern	—	@	5¾
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. family	4 00	@	4 25
Wheat—No. 2, Red, July	86	@	87
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, July	—	@	44
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@	35¾
Potatoes—Early Rose	20	@	30
Butter—Creamery Extra	16½	@	17
Cheese—Part skims	6	@	7

THE NATIONAL GAME.

The Louisville Club will be reorganized.

George W. Barnum is no longer a League umpire.

Nash, of Boston, is playing a wonderful third base.

Gore, of New York, made two home-run hits in a recent game.

Buffalo, N. Y., is the most whitewashed team in the International.

The defunct Easton (Penn.) Club lost $2500 under its late management.

Tom Brown, of Boston, was the first League player to make fifty hits.

The New York's future home will be known as the "New Polo Ground."

Burns is the Brooklyn's heaviest hitter, and he ranks eleventh in the Association.

Black, of Wilkesbarre, Penn., leads the Atlantic Association in base-running.

Chicago is about to inflict another female baseball team upon a long-suffering public.

Senator Eustis, of Louisiana, is numbered among the Washington baseball enthusiasts.

There are some cities which would never be heard of if it weren't for their baseball nines.

Up to a few days ago McGuire had caught thirty-seven straight games for Toronto, Canada.

A Pittsburg paper complains that Captain Dunlap sets his men a bad example by refusing to slide.

Jim Whitney, once the pride of the Washington Club, has been released by Indianapolis as worthless.

The Clevelands are never beaten until the last man is out. They have won lots of games in the closing innings.

Baseball seems to have lost its hold upon the people of Chicago, who decline to patronize a wind-inflated team.

The addition of Morrill, Wise and Irwin does not appear to have strengthened the Washingtons very much.

Since 1868, Yale has won 53 games from Harvard and lost 30, and from Princeton has won 32 games and lost 12.

Pete Hotaling, the old-time professional, has signed to play with the St. Joseph (Mo.) Club of the Western Association.

Will White, the old Cincinnati pitcher, at last has an imitator. Pitcher Downer, of the Harvards, wears spectacles when he pitches.

Boston took Brown when he was a discard. He leads the League in runs, stolen bases and bases on balls, and is playing a great field.

Pittsburg has taken a fresh hold, and Philadelphia is the sufferer. The nine from the Quaker City lost three consecutive games in Pittsburg.

The long anticipated sale of the Louisville Club has been realized. Nine thousand dollars has been paid for it by T. Sherley and W. H. Thomas.

After being on the list of New York's players for two years, George was released a short time ago, and is now a member of the Columbus team.

Pitcher Clarkson, of Boston, was removed from the players' bench at Pittsburg, recently, for signing Sowders how to pitch to certain batsmen.

Umpire Gaffney says that during five years of umpire service in the League and Association, he has never seen a player upon the field intoxicated.

Boston has its men in good condition and yet is not winning games as it did in the beginning of the season. The first Western trip proved disastrous.

The Association has killed baseball in several cities by Sunday playing—notably in Louisville and St. Louis. It is fast killing the sport in Cincinnati.

President Hewitt, of Washington, says there are five members of the League who favor an equal division of the gate receipts, and only one vote is needed to carry the point.

How it must gall Anson, of Chicago, to see the work of the gentlemen he released; Daly's great catching for Washington, Gore's and Sullivan's great batting and Clarkson's great work in the box.

Fitzgerald, of Wilkesbarre, Penn., in a recent game against the Lowell (Mass.) Club, made two home runs in one inning, a feat that has rarely if ever been equalled in professional baseball.

Although it is not generally known, Clarkson, of Boston, is easily disheartened if he is hit hard. He is a splendid pitcher, but when an opposing club begins to make hits off him, he loses his head to a great extent.

The big centre-fielder of the New Yorks, Slattery, has been unfortunate this year. Before the season began he hurt his leg so that he was unable to play. Finally he was all right, and was going to play in a game against Cleveland. Before play began he was practicing and split his finger.

LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Percentage
Boston	38	20	.655
Cleveland	40	23	.635
New York	35	22	.614
Philadelphia	32	29	.525
Chicago	30	32	.484
Pittsburg	26	34	.433
Indianapolis	22	37	.373
Washington	15	41	.268

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Percentage.
St. Louis	46	22	.676
Brooklyn	41	24	.631
Athletic	38	25	.603
Baltimore	36	29	.554
Cincinnati	37	30	.552
Kansas City	29	37	.439
Columbus	25	42	.373
Louisville	13	56	.187

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Cavanal, Indian Ter. J. B. Wise.

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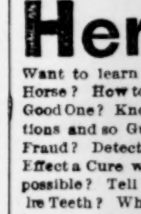
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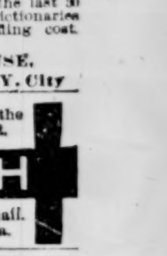
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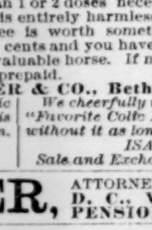
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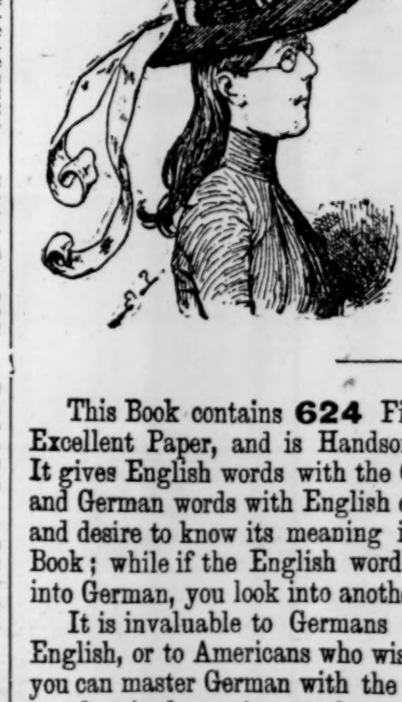
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